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## Make Your Home More Fruitful and Beautiful BY PLANTING

# Waynesboro Grown Trees and Plants 

## Offered By Virginia's Largest Growers

GROW YOUR OWN FRUIT-Never before have Home Owners so fully realized the advantage and necessity of growing their own fruit. Even if possible to go to market and purchase fresh fruits, the price would be high and fruit from the market is never quite as much enjoyed as fruit from your own garden or orchard. So you can economize by growing your own fruit and also enjoy more and better fruit. MAKE YOUR HOME MORE BEAUTIFUL-By planting Waynesboro Selected Trees, Shruls, Evergreens, Roses, etc. You will not only increase the value of your property, but will receive the pleasure of working with growing trees and plantings, and having beautiful grcunds.

## OFFERING The Newer, Better Varieties

Being large growers and having the facilities for testing the new, mproved varieties, we are in position to select and recommend to our customers improved varieties which have heen tested and found to be worthwhile. So while we continue to list the most popular of the old varieties, we are continually adding improved ones.

DEPENDABLE INFORMATION - While we attempt to give the better qualities in the descriptions of varieties, we also mention any unfavorable qualities a variety may possess, so that the planter may be guided by same in making a selection. May we add that varieties of plant material are somewhat like human beings-none are perfect - and we do not claim to offer more than 800 varieties, all without fault.

WE ARE ANXIOUS TO HELP YOU select varieties best suited to your requirements and to furnish as far as possible the necessary information to afford proper arrangement.
HORTICULTURAL ADVICE AND LANDSCAPE SERVICEWe have in our service Trained Horticulturists, as well as Graduate Landscape Architects, whose services are available to our customers. However, we must admit that during the past yearbeing short of help-we have not been able to supply as much of this service as we would like. If in need of help, please apply early in the season.

## Our Delivery Seasons and Guarantees

DATE OF DELIVERY-Nursery Stock differs from most other commodities by being limited to a definite delivery season. We most generally conceive of two distinct delivery seasons per year, the regular Fall season starting early in November and continuing until late December, and the Spring season starting early in March and continuing until June. There, however, is seldom a week in which we do not deliver some stock. We do not promise deliveries on definite dates, as we must be somewhat governed by the season and weather conditions. Some seasons we can start general Fall deliveries by November Ist, while other years the plants do not mature so we can start digging before November 10 th. How ver, Evergreens. Perennials, Iris, Peonies, etc., can be successfully transplaned as early as August. Regardless of whether on November 1st or 10 th, or what date CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION-Issued by Virginia State Entomologist certifying that our Nursery has been inspected and the plant material found to be free of disease and pests-furnished with each shipment.
TRANSPORTATION - We are located on two trunk line railroads and also have motor freight lines out of Waynesboro, affording the best of transportation service PRICES-The prices quoted are f.o.b. our shipping point or for local delivery on our regular truck routes. We make no charge for packing and delivering to our local freight, express, or motor freight office.
TERMS-Cash with order unless otherwise arranged.
REMITTANCES-Remittances may be made by Postal Money Order, Express Money Order, or your personal check, if you prefer.
LIBERAL REPLACEMENT TERMS - While losses from transplanting our vigorous, carefully handied stock are at a minimum, there are always some losses to be expected, regardless of how careful both Nurseryman and planter may be. We agree to share with our customers any losses from transplanting our stock by twelve months after date of delivery, provided the original purchase was paid for as per sale terms and the plant material has been given reasonable attention. VARIETIES AND QUANTITIES-In case you do not find listed the variety. quantity, or size desired, write for further information
MAKING UP ORDERS-Do not fail to give sizes, quantities, and varieties wanted. Also give shipping point if different from post office, and approximately when you would like your stock shipped.
NOTICE OF WARRANTY-While we are very careful to keep our varieties true to name, in the event they should prove otherwise, we cannot be responsible for more than the amount we receive for the stock.


LET US HELP YOU

Grow More Fruit and
Have More Beautiful Grounds

## Waynesboro Nurseries, inc.

WAYNESBORO VIRGINIA

# Fruit Department 

## GET Muxairive NOW!

 60 MONTHS ' 1.00 or 12 MONTHS 25 \&YOU will be delighted and wonder how these two great up-to-the-minute illustrated magazines, now printed together, can cost so little. It's for all men, women, boys and girls, - clean and wholesome, no liquor advertisements.
Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife, Dept. C, Phila., Pa. $\square$ l'm enclosing $\$ 1.00$ for

## OR

 I'm enclosing 25c for
## Mark the Offer You Want. Send Money Our Risk.

## Name

R.F.D. Box or Street

If you live on a R.F.D. put route number above for prompt service.

## P. O. State <br> IMPORTANT: Send coupon direct to Farm Journal and Farmer's Wife, Dept. C,

Philadelphia 5, Pa., with remittance (at our risk). Offer good only in U. S.

long experience can give you. We are conand plants for successful growing in your until its merits have been proven-and you
uit as possible, not altogether for economy's raising. Fruit can never taste quite so good E of! Let Virginia's Largest Growers supply

## s are DOLBLLE Inspected

## NOUNCED FREE OF DISEASE

Virginia State Entomologist
ONOUNCED TRUE TO NAME by Professor Shaw
Authority on Identification of Varieties
ss. State College, reports;
lay Concers:
that all the salable Apple stock now growing in the ynesboro Nurseries, Inc., near Waynesboro. Virginia, for trueness to name by A. P. French, O. C. Roberts, d, as they now stand in the nursery row all trees are, nowledge and belief, true to name.
J. K. SHAW. Research Professor of Pomology

Planters differ as to choice of varieties, sized trees, date to plant, etc. The New Double Red Strains have almost displaced the old varieties, and the tendency is towards using older, larger trees. All experienced planters are taking pollenization into consideration in plating new orchards or even in replanting old orchards. So we recommend an assortment of varieties to provide for pollenization; it is luest not to depend altogether on one - aricty.

You will note that we have made two divisions of Apples. The first group contains Summer and Fall Varieties; the second group, Winter Varieties-the varietjes in both groups heing listed alphabetically

## SUMMER and FALL APPLES

Summer and Fall varieties have been neglected in commercial plantings and are now proving, in many cases, more profitable than Winter Varieties. In the home orchard a selection from this list will furnish fried Apples and sauce from early June and ripe fruit from late June until November. We offer the following choice varieties:

BALDWIN. An old New England commercial Winter variety; a Fall variety in Virginia, where it has limited use. Gireen, red striped.
BONUM. An excellent commercial Fall Apple; extremely popular in the western part of North Carolina. Medium size, red; good quality, heavy bearer.
EARLY HARVEST. One of the best known early Apples, ripening in Virginia in late June. Large, golden yelLow; popular for the home orchard.
EARLY RED BIRD. A new scarlet red Apple several days ahead of Yellow Transparent. Affords the market with an early red Apple of good size, quality; good shipper.
FALL PIPPIN. An old favorite family variety ripening in August. Large golden yellow. Good for frying, as soon as half matured, and most delicious when ripe.
GRIMES GOLDEN. A well known, spicy, medium size, golden yellow, commercial and home orchard variety. Ripens late Fall.
HYSLOP CRAB. Most popular red, medium size Crab. Used chiefly for jellies and pickling. Strong growing tree, prolific bearer.

LIVELAND RASPBERRY, A beautiful, delicious Summer striped Apple, ripening in August. Planted chiefly for home use as it is too tender to be a shipper.
LODI. An improved Yellow Transparent, being larger than its parent and ripening a few days later. Due to its being larger in size, the Lodi is expected to become even more popular than the well known Yellow Transparent. Good early varieties have been neglected in commercial orchard planting, so we recommend inclucling the Lodi, as well as some of the other Summer varieties, in your next commercial planting.
MAIDEN BLUSH. August and September. Medium to large, yellow background, with red blush. Firm, good shipper.
MILTON. A member of the MeIntosh family, ripening in August. Possesses the MeIntosh quality and appearance. SMOKEHOUSE. An old home orchard favorite which still deserves a place in every family orchard. Medium to large, firm, greenish background, red striped. Ripens over a period of several weeks, which makes it idcal for home use. Excellent for cooking and for eating from hand when full ripe.

BONUM A MONEY MAKER
"We do not attempt to grow commercially in our test orchards all the varieties on our list, but from three small Bonum Trees planted for home use, we sold in August, 1943, $\$ 70.00$ worth of
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## WAYNESBORO

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 easy to read, 67 years old. Largest subscription list in the world,-
over $2,700,000$ from Maine io Colifornia; Money back if not satisfied.

UNLIKE ANY OTHER MAGAZINE Farmer's Wife section carries
new pratical ideas on home
 recipes tested in our own Form
Kitchen. Feotures on country life.
Farm Women's letters, etc. Fic-



 WAYNESBORO NURSERIES, INC.



REMITTANCES-Remittances may be made by Postal Money Order, Express Money Order, or your personal check, if you prefer.
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## Waynesboro Nurseries, inc.

WAYNESBORO VIRGINIA

# Fruit Department 

On the following pages we offer you the finest strains of Fruit varieties our long experience can give you. We are constantly improving existing varieties and testing new introductions.

As Virginia's Largest Growers, we confidently recommend our fruit trees and plants for successful growing in your home or commercial orchard or garden. We do not present a new introduction until its merits have been proven-and you may be sure our strains of your old favorites are the best to be had.

At last we have come to realize the importance of growing as much of our fruit as possible, not altogether for economy's sake, but much pleasure and satisfaction can be found in gardening and fruit raising. Fruit can never taste quite so good as when gathered from our own gardens and orchards.

But don't waste precious time and land by planting stock you can't be SURE of! Let Virginia's Largest Growers supply your needs-with strains that have been thoroughly tested for performance.

# APPLES 

## Our Trees are DOUBLE Inspected

## PRONOUNCED FREE OF DISEASE by Virginia State Entomologist

The Apple continues to be the King of Fruits. By carefully selecting varieties, fresh fruit can be harvested from your trees over a period of six months and the better Winter varieties can be kept in common storare until the new crop is harvested-making fresh fruit possible throughout the year.

Our selection of varieties of Apples has heen carefully made up after many years of growing and testing. The newer, better varieties are listed only after having been thoroughly tested and found to excel older varieties of the same class. So if you do not find in our list an old favorite you so much enjoyed in grandfather's orchard, you most likely will find that we do list an improved variety which will not only take its place, but he superior.

Planters differ as to choice of varieties, sized trees, date to plant, etc. The New Double Red Strains have almost displaced the old varieties, and the tendency is towards using older, larger trees. All experienced planters are taking pollenization into consideration in planting new orchards or even in replanting old orchards. So we recommend an assortment of varieties to provide for pollenization; it is best not to depend altogether on one - ariety.

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## Summer and Fall Apples

## (Contimuet)

RED DUCHESS. Differs from the standard Duchess by awing more color and colowing earlier in the sason. We recommend this Double Red Strain.
SUMMER RAMBO. In Virginia and adjoining States there is posible no other variety found in so many orchards. This famous old Apple is so well known that no home orchard is believed to be complete without it. It is also popular with many of the commercial growers, as it is always in demand at gool prices. Large, red striped. lou (:imnot go wrong in planting the Summer Rambo.
SUMMER YELLOW DELICIOUS. Another golden yellow Simmer Apple; resembles the Winter Lellow Delicions, but ripens in July.


YELLOW TRANSPARENT. A well known, transparent to golden yellow Apple. Among the first vellow varieties to ripen. In our opinion, the L cllow Transparent will be somewhat replaced by the Lodi.

## WINTER APPLES

In speaking of Winter Apples we refer to varieties which are harvested in late Fall and may be kept in sforage for Winter and next Spring use. A large percent of the commercial crop consists of Winter varieties. However, some of the Summer or Fall varieties are now proving equally as profitable.
ALBEMARLE PIPPIN. Its name was taken from Albemarle County, Virginia, where it has been one of Virginia's most popular export Apples. Known in ot her parts of the comntry as Newtown Pippin. Lurge, solid green Apple; rery crisp; delicious in late Wiater and Spring, when it is at its best. Good keeper.
BEN DAVIS. An old varicty of poor quality, but a gend bearer, keeper, and pollenizer. Medium size, red striped.
DELICIOUS. Possibly one of the best known Winter varieties. Iarge, red striped, almost sweet. Late Fall and Winter. Good keeper in storuge. Extensively grown and planted as a commercial variety, as well as in home orchards. In the past few years the Standard Delicious is being replaced to a great extent by the Vance Delicious or some of the other Double Red Strains.


Double Red Delicious

## APPLE TREE PRICES

|  | 1 to 10 Each | 10 to 50 Each | 50 to 300 Each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 yx., 2-3 ft. Whips | \$0.75 | \$0.60 | \$0.45 |
| 1 yr., 3-4 it. Whips. | 1.00 | . 80 | . 60 |
| $2 \mathrm{yr}, \mathrm{2} 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ [it., Partly branched. | . 75 | . 60 | . 45 |
| 2 yr, 3-5 ft. Branched | 1.00 | . 80 | . 60 |
| 2 yr, 4-6 ft. Branched | 1.35 | 1.10 | . 80 |
| 3 yr, , 5-7 ft. SUPER SIZE | 1.60 | 1.35 | . 90 |

NOTE-Write for prices on larger quantities
See Page 5 for Large Size Apple Trees
NOTE-Following special varieties offered at $10 c$. per tree above standard variety prices: Lady, Vance Delicious, and Yorking

CORTLAND. An improved McIntosh; longer keeper; larger, deeper red. Not often planted south of New York State.
DOUBLE RED DELI. CIOUS. The Standard Delicious is too well known to require a detailed description. The New Double Red Delicious is identically the same as the Standard Delicious with the exception of color-being a solid red-and coloring two to three weeks earlier. This means a tremendous commercial advantage, as well as the home orchard owner prefers Solid Red Apples to half green ones. so we recom able Red Delicious in place of the Standard Delicious, which we also list.


## DOUBLE RED ROME

Another of the many Red Sports improving on their parent variety by being a folld Red, which means more Number One Apples and better prices. There are mumerous strains of Rome Sports. This particular serain originated in the Northwest amil is hirown by some as C it O Rel Rome.

## DOUBLE RED STAYMAN

The Stayman Winesap continues to be one of the most popular commercial varieties of the East, but in recent years the original strain of Stayman is being replaced by its offspring, the Double Red Stayman, which has all the good qualities of its popular parent and the advantage of more color and coloring earlier in the season. This means more Number One Apples, better prices, and bigger profits. This popular commercial variety is one of our best sellers for both commercial and home orchard planting.

## DOUBLE RED JONATHAN

An improvement orer the well known Jonathan-having more color and coloring earlier. This means more profit to the commer(i. 1 grower and to the home grower, more attractive Apples.

JONATHAN. A weli known commerial variety. Medium size; greenish background, red cheek, white flesh. Ready for market early Winter. Still popular as a commercial variety. However, we now recommend the New Red Jonathan.
LADY. Small, golden background, red blush; highly flavored; excellent qual ity. Extremely popular for decoration purposes on dining room and dining car tables and eating from hand. The fruit is rare and sells for unusually high prices. 10c. extra per tree.
LOWRY. Virginia ranks high as an Apple producing State-growing many good varieties. Among her leading varieties is the Lowry, which originated in Nelson County, Virginia and is now becoming one of the State's most profitable Apples as well as it is being commercially planted in almost all other Apple growing sections of the United States. The Lowry is medium to large, mahogany red, as sweet as the Delicious but is more easily grown and sells for fully as much. An ideal Apple for the roadside stand and truck trade as well as it makes a beautiful cold storage pack and is a remarkable keeper; keeps even better than the Delicious in cold storage.


Yorking
PARAGON WINESAP．Resembles M．T．＇Twig but is a better bearer and is recommended in preference to the M．B．Twig．

MACOUN．A late McIntosh，possessing better color and keeping qualities． M．B．TWIG．A well known，large red Apple of the Winesap family：Firm，long keeper．A shy bearer．
McINTOSH．A medium size well known，red striped Apple．A Winter variety in the New England States，but only a Fiall Apple in Virginia where it is little planted． N．W．GREENING．One of the few green skinned Apples in popular demont． Large，greenish yellow．Good cooker and an excellent keeper．Pronific bearer． RED SPY．A sport of the well known Northern Spy differing by having more color． ROME BEAUTY．Another olltime red striped Apple，which continues to be popu－ lar in both the home and commercial orchard．Semi－sweet，firm，good keeper．An excellent Apple，but we recommend the New Double Red Strains．

For more than a hundred years the York Im－ perial Apple，which originated in Pemssl－ vania，was one of Virsinia＇s most popular commercial and home orchard varieties．Ni Apple was found good enough to dislodge it from its position at the too of the ladder until its offspring YORKING，The York Supreme，was introduced 10 years ago． The YORKING is a sport of the famous York Imperial，differing by being a solid red and coloring 2 or 3 weeks earlier．The YORKING has now almost en－ tirely displaced the York Imperial in new plantings．This new solid red sport is one of the few Apples ever to be honored with a U．S．Patent．10c．extra per tree


## cA $\underset{\text { W－In－1 Tree }}{\text { Whole }}$ <br> Such a tree is made possible by grafting with varieties from the earliest to the latest．An ideal tree where space can accommodate only one，two or three trees．The varie－ ties grafted on $5-\mathrm{In}-1$ Trees will vary，but most generally consist of Yellow Transparent，Summer Rambo，Grimes Golden，Winesap and Delicious．5－In－1 Trees are offered only in 3 and 4 yr ．，5－7 ft．size at $\$ 4.00$ each． <br> ith varieties where space The varie－ st generally abo，Grimes are offered each．

4－In－1 Trees are produced in the same manner as the $5-\operatorname{In}-1$ ，serving the same purpose but having one less number of varieties．These Multiple Vari－ ety Trees are not only＇practical trees for the home garden or lawn，but are new，interesting and the average grower takes pride in showing same to his friends． $3 \mathrm{yr}, ~ 5-7 \mathrm{ft}$ ．size，$\$ 3.50$ each．

## Single Tree！ B－Hin－I Tree

Consists of 3 choice varieties ripening at different seasons furnishing fresh fruit over a longer period at very little extra cost． Multiple Variety Trees are usually more prolific than trees of a single variety as 3 they provide excellent cross pollination． $3 \mathrm{yr} ., 5-6 \mathrm{ft}$ ．size，$\$ 3.00$ each．

## Vance Delicious

 Numerous strains of Delicious Sports are now on the market．We have tested the most promising ones and find to be outstanding the Vance Deli－ cious，a red sport which originated in Albemarle County，Virginia， and was introduced by the late R．G．Vance，who at one time served as President of the Virginia Horticultural Society．The Vanee Delicious has all the good characteristics of the hest Red Sport－－be－ ing fully as large and having typical Delicions shape，flavor，and quality－but differs by coloring earlier，being the first of the Red Dolicious Strains realy for market．This enables Eastern goowers to market their fruit before the Western Pack appears as competition． 10 c ．extra per tree．STAYMAN WINESAP．One of the hext knomm，most extensively planted of the Winter varieties．Large，green hackromme red triped．Rirln arisp，temder，sellow meat．An excentent conocr，as wat！as for catme what shy of color．
SWEET PARADISE．One of the most popular late Fall sweet Apples Medinm size，greenish backgromod，red cheek．
TURLEY WINESAP．An Impored Stamman，resembling the Standawd VIRGINTA PEAUTY ， is prond．Late F＇ali and early Winter．Resemfles Red Delicions in quality and shape，but darker color．Excelient quality．
WINESAP．A variety that hasprohaldy tome as much as any other Apple In wimbing a reputation for Tirciniz iphles on all markete of the worth heing adapted to ath suil－and climates as any Apple we knoy of．Atetham red skin slightly streaked on yollow，flesh firm，crisp，sub）－aciol． ember to May
YELLOW DELICIOUS．Listed hy some as（inden Delicions．Conical shape，mot den yellow．Gomewhat resembles Gimes（inden but lurger．An early prolific bearer．Popular as a home orchard variety as well as al profitable commerriat Apple．Rccommended as a cross pmilinator．
YORK TMPERIAL．Undoubtediy the most extensively planter commercial Apil in the fammos shenandoan Valley and Blue Ringe area of Tirginia，Thest Virginia and Pemsstvania．Greenish sollow background，red striped cheek．Prolifichearer exceilent keper．In reent years the lork Imperial is being replaced with its offopring，Yorking，a solid Red York

## Save Time 畕異 Growing Trenid

By planting our Jumbo，Mammoth，Giant and Bearing Size Apple Trees， whigh have been twice transplanted and will furnish fruie much earlier than the smaller，youncer trees．We especially recommend these larger trees for replant ing where pollination is a problem；also for planting home orchards．At this time we have avallable the following varieties in the large sized trees，but sug世est that you make a second shoice in case we should be out of the first choice at the time your order is received．

| Bonum | Jonathan |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cortland | Macoun |
| Double Red Delicious | Mclntosh |
| Double Red Duchess | Paragon Winesap |
| Double Red Jonathan | N．W．Creening |
| Double Red Rome | Stayman |
| Double Red Stayman | Turley Winesap |

Virginia Beauty
Williams Early Red Winesap
Yellow Delicious
York Imperial
YORKING


Double Red
stayman

[^0]
## Peaches

## Peach Industry <br> Being <br> Revolutionized

New methods of freezing, evaporating and keeping fresh Peaches on storage are greatly enlarging the use of Peaches -insuring a good demand and a profitable income for years to come The moderate planting of properly located orchards has promise of being a profitable investment.
PEACHES IN READY DEMAND.
The fruit is most generally in demand at good prices, since the crops in various communities ripen at different times-preventing congested markets.
BETTER MARKETS. The rapid increase in the population of the South, caused by manufacturing coming to the South, has greatly strengthened our Southern markets.
Good roads and trucks have made it possible for markets, large and small, to daily hare fresh fruit from the orchard, greatly increasing consumption. This has also made it advisable to plant a larger assortment of varieties ripening over a longer period.
MUCH DEPENDS ON THE TREES YOU PLANT.
Fibrous rooted trees, grown in our sandy loam soil, transplant with fewer losses and better results than trees grown in less suitable soil.
NATURAL ADVANTAGES. Being located in the Commercial Peach Orchard Section of Virginia, we are able to study the varieties in bearing orchards and cut our budwood from bearing trees. We have an opportunity of studying the new varieties, adding the promising ones and discarding those less desirable. So we attempt to serve as a bureau of information to the commercial grower, as well as furnish dependable trees.

## We Offer the Following Choice Varieties

ALTON. Large white, semi-freestone. Good quality for an early Peach. July.
BELLE OF GEORGIA. An old Peach yet unsurpassed for a white freestone home and commercial variety. Large, white skin, red cheek; sweet, excellent peachy flavor. August.
BRACKETT. An improved Elberta, ripening a few days later; same size, better color and quality. Will hang on the tree longer than the Eilberta and is a better shipper.
CARMAN. An old favorite white semi-freestone Peach which continues to be popular, because of its large size, being a prolific bearer, and having good canning qualities. July.
CHAMPION. A, nother old home orchard favorite. Large, white semi-freestone. Very hardy in bud, often producing a full crop when other varieties fail. A good home orchard variety for the roadside stand and local market. August.
CRAWFORD'S EARLY. Continues to be planted for home use because of its good quality. Yellow, freestone. August.
CRAWFORD'S LATE. Another old variety which has survived in spite of numerous new and improved varieties. Yellow, freestone; firm, medium size, good quality. A very good shipper, but now planted only in the home orchard. Late August.

EARLY ELBERTA. A yellow, freestone of the Elberta-type, ripening two weeks earlier. A desirable variety where a succession of ripening fruit is desired for home use, roadside stand, and local market.

- EARLY ROSE, A popular, early, white semifreestone. Medium size, bright red cheek. July.
ELBERTA. Continues to be the most extensively planted Peach, not the best Peach in quality, but its size, color and firmness combine to make it the most popular commercial variety. A lengthy description is not necessary as everyone knows the Elberta. Yellow, freestone; red cheek. August.
GAGE ELBERTA. Differs from the old Elberta by being resistant to bacteriosis, which is one of the Peach growers' problems in the South. Same size and shape as the standard Elberta, ripening five days later.
GOLDEN JUBILEE. While still a new Peach, it possibly ranks second among varieties in the number of trees being planted. It is one of the first yellow, freestone Peaches of good quality to ripen. Good shipping qualities. Demands the top prices because of its earliness and good quality. This excellent new Peach is now being planted in almost every commercial orchard, as well as in home orchards. July.
GREENSBORO. An early variety planted commercially in the South and a very good Peach of its season. White, semi-freestone; red cheek. June.

Famous
J. H. Hale
Peach

HALE. A large, firm, yellow freestone. Golden yellow skin, red cheek. Excellent shipping qualities and demands the top prices on the market because of its size and good quality. Ranks high as a commercial variety. August.
HEATH CLING. While the East demands a freestone Peach, there is a limited demand for pickling Clings, one of the most popular of which is the Heath. Large, white, firm; good quality. Makes excellent pickles, and is also delicious when canned. September.
HILEY. A large white freestone of the Belle of Georgia type, ripening two weeks earlier. Planted both commercially and in the home orchard. July.
KRUMMELS. One of the most popular of the late varieties is the old favorite, Krummel's ripening early October. Large, firm, yellow, freestone.
LATE ELBERTA. Elberta type, but ripening in early September. A freestone with yellow background, red cheek; medium to large.
MAYFLOWER. Continues to be the earliest Peach listed in our catalogue. A beautifulred of medium size; white, clingstone. Sells because of its eariness and excellent color. The quality, of course, does not compare with that of later varieties, but it has a place in the home orchard, as well as for the roadside market. June.
' MIKADO. A yellow-meated, semi-freestone Peach with yellow skin and red cheek. One of the first of the early varieties to possess good quality. Not recommended for general commercial purposes, but an excellent road side stand Peach, as well as good for canning whole and pickling. July.
RED BIRD. A beautiful, large, red-skinned, white-meated Cling which always sells, even though the quality is not considered the best. Very firm; excellent shipper. Follows the Mayflower. June.

## Peach

1 to 10
10 to 50
Each
$\$ 1.00$
.70
.55
.50
.40
50 to 300
Each
$\$ 0.75$
.60
.45
.40
.30 300 to 600 Each $\$ 0.60$ .45
3-4 ft., Heavy
$2-3$ ft., Heavy
$2-3 \mathrm{ft}$, Medium
Each
.45
.35
.30
.25


Henden. Our imited supply of the Red Haven does not justify the space in our catalogue that this new variety merits. Introduced by the Michigan State Experiment Station. Bright red coloring on a yellow background; smooth, almost fuzzless. Firm flesh; fruit ripens uniformly. Trees are strong growers and prolific bearers. Fruit should be thinned for best results. Has produced full crops in orchards where other varieties were Winter killed. Ripens about five days before the Golden Jubilee, which up to this time has been the leading commercial Peach of its season. 10c. per tree extra.
SHIPPER'S LATE RED. Large, round, yellow, freestone, with attractive red coloring. Ripens a few days later than the Elberta and of better quality. It sells for as much or more than Elberta. Ranks at the top as a commercial variety; equally as popular for the home orchard. Trees hardy, good growers, early and prolific bearers.

* SLAPPY. Good quality home orchard variety Very sweet, highly flavored; yellow-meated Freestone with red cheek; medium size. One of the best canning Peaches we know. Late July
SOUTH HAVEN. Introduced by the Michigan Experiment Station. Yellow-meater freestone; good size and quality. Early August.
- VALIANT. Famous Canadian variety now heing planted in the United States. One of the earliest, yellow-meated, freestone Pearhes of good quality and size. Yellow skin, red cheek. Early August.
- VEDETTE. Possibly the most popular of the Canadian varieties planted in this country. Resembles the Valiant, but a few days earlier and three weeks before Elberta. Quality better than that of the Elberta or Valiant. Recommended for both commercial and home orchard planting.


Red Haven

## Planting Guide

The ripening date given is for a normal season at Waynesboro, Virginia. Some years Peaches ripen earlier and some, later. Farther south Peaches ripen earlier and farther north, later.
Note: C -indicates Clingstone; F-Free stone; S-semi-freestone

## EARLY VARIETIES

Variety
Mayflower (C)
Red Bird (C).
Greensboro
Early Rose (S)
Alton (S)
Red Haven (F)
Carman Jubilee (
Ripening Period
...June 15th
....June 20th
. . . Jume 25th
. July 10th
. . July 15 th
...July 15 th
.....July 15th
....... July 20 th
…..................... $20 t h$

Vedette (F)
Slappy (F)
MIDSEAS
Haven ( $F$ )
South Haven (f
Charly Elberta
Champion
Crawford's Early (l
Belle of Georgia (F)
Elberta (F).
Elberta
Hale (F)
Brackett (F)
Brackett (F).....
Gage Elberta (F)
Gage Elberta (F)
Shipper's Late Red (i)
. July 25 th
.July 25 th
. July 25 th

## IES

August 1st August 1st August 1 st August 5th August 5th August 10 th August 15th August 15th August 20th August 20th August 20th

## LATE VARIETIES

Late Elberta (F).
Heath Cling (C)
September 1st Krummel's October (F) . September 25th

## Espalier Fruit Trees

May be had in various types and varieties. Write for Special Illustrated Price List.

Shelby, Michigan,
Waynesboro Nurseries,
Waynesboro, Virginia.
Gentlemen:
Inclosed please find picture of eight and one hatf bushels of Peurbes picked from there trees bounht of you three vears ago, and suld for $\$ 34.00$ prite and received $\$ 5.00$ per bushel, but were afraid thes micht soften up.

These trees are Hale-Haven and this year have put on eighteen inches of growth, and sure look fine: dred peaches of each tree and then they were too heavy loaded.
I am very prond of my little peach orchard and rou may use this letter and picture any way you see
fit. Also I can furnish soul picture of orehard with your block of trees and picture of block planted same year from another Nursery.


81/2 En. Hale-Haven Peaches Harvested from Three Waynesborg Nursery Trees Planted 3 Irs.

## Cherries

The (herry has alwars been one of the most delicions fruits, hut has nover heen as extensively grown ats the Aphe am! Peach. Unfortunately, it is not adaptel to as wide a ramge of soil conditions and climates, but can he successtully grown in many localities where not cultivated at the presen
New processes of freezing fruit afford the Cherry great porshitities, making it pessithe to serve fre-h Cherries throughon the year. As a commerial fruit, the (llerers is coming into itso own, but if you are mot in parition to grow Cherrics commercially, why not grow at lenst cmumb for home usce? If sum are bo cated in the Deep south or in a low, flat country, you will wo be able to compete with the growers in at hicher altitule and combler climate, but by careful velectum of varicties and attention, zon should be able to grow Cherries for home use, esferially the Large Montmorency, the most popular pie variety.

Two Distinct Classes-the Sours and Sweets. The romers are used chiefly for pies, while the Sweets have many uees. Out-timding among the Siveets is the on our list are also good and wort hy of a place oth

## SOUR CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND. Farliest of the sour, pie varietics
Bright red, round medium size, early and prolific bearer ZARGE MONTMORENCY. The leading somur Cherry, and the most extemsively phanted of all Cherries. Large, midseason, lark renl; small seed, firm flesh. A large percent of all the frozon Cherries usal for pies are Montmorence which is aton just as pophar in the home orchard.

I am glad to inform roun that all the toms rau supnlien me last gluing are thrifty, hit in had been ane suitable intertals.
(signed) Arthur landwin,
Charlottesrille Virginia.


Large Montmorency


## STANDARD VARIETIES

BING. A large, firm, almost black; excellent shipper. Adapted to a wide range BLACK TARTARIAN. Well known dark, purplish black. Large, firm, good shiper, gom qualits. Heary bearer. Early.
GOVERNOR WOOD (Wax). Beautiful, early, golden Cherry with red cheek. Extremely popular in the home orchard.
LAMBERT. Large, dark red, rich and firm. A heary and regular bearer. Tree a good grower, more resistant to fungons diseases and insects than arerage varieties. Gond shipper. Late.
NAPOLEON. The most extensively planted of the Wax Cherries, ripening two weeks later than Governor Wood, larger and better shipper. Beautiful golden buakground, bright red cheek.
SENECA. Earliest sweet variety; dark, purplish black; good quality, medium size.


## Prize Super Varieties of Sweet Cherries

GREENWOOD. Enormous, mahogany red, sweet fruit; small seed. Firm and excellent shipper, as well as an ideal Cherry for roadside stands and home use. Trees are vigorous growers and prolific bearers. Apparently adapted to a wide range of soils and can be grown with a minimum amount of attention; however, it responds well to modern cultural practices WINDSOR. One of the largest of the dark purplish red Sweet Cherries, being two weeks later than the Greenwood; not quite as large and somewhat darker in color. These two big varieties make an ideal combination, since they ripen at different times and are two of the largest and most delicious Sweet Cherries known.
Prices on Greenwood and Windsor Sweet Cherries

|  | 1 to 10 | 10 to 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Each | Each |
| 4-6 ft. | \$2.50 | \$2.25 |
| $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. | 2.00 | 1.75 |

## Plums <br> Bear Young Easily Grown

We too often think of a home orchard am masting of only Ipples, Pearhes, and possibly a fevv Cirape vines, omitives important fruits -including the Plums, which may be hid in various types ripening at different seasons.

There are two distinct types of Plums-the Oriental and European varieties. The Oriental Plums are generally quite juicy and tender, and ram lic best served when raw, fresh from the tree, while the European Yarieties are generally the firmer trpes, which are usol for canning, preserving, hut drying, etc. The Prume family helones to the Duropean Tape Plums. have endeavored to list the coutstanding varicties of each class as follen AB'UNDANCE. One of the hest linown of the Oriental varieties. Lemen sellow ground overspread with bright cherry red. Large, obdous, tapering to a point; flesh orange yellow, melting, rich and highly aromatic; ahnodant and annual bearer. August.
BURBANK. A long-standing favorite. Oriental variety. Large, nearly globular; clear Cherry red with deep vellow floch. Very sweet with a peculiar, agreeable flawor. Early bearcr. August.
EUROPEAN PRUNE. Excellent for caming, dryine, and dessert, as well as eating fresh from the tree. Large, long, oval, purple; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant; freest ne. September.

- RED JUNE. An early red, Oricntal type. Late blommer, sure cropper. Quality ghoi for

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. In Improved Damstm, much larger than the old trpe, but possessing all of its good qualities. The Damson is a late bloomer, almost a sure cruper, and one of the most useful of the Plums.
STANLEY PRUNE. An Improved Prune introduced by the New Yurk Experiment Station and comsidered by many as the best. Large, firm, dark blue, juiny, fine grained, tender, sweet and of the very best quality. Late August.
WICKSON. The largest of the Oriental types. Deep maroon red. Good fuality, but the variety has the one fault of being a shy bearer. August.

| Plum and |  | $\underset{\substack{1 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Each } \\ \hline}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hoto } 50 \\ \text { Eash } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \text { to } 300 \\ & \text { Fash } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pear Prices | ${ }^{4-6} \mathrm{ft}$ | 82.00 | \$1.75 | 81.50 |
| Pear Prices | $3-1 \mathrm{ft}$. | . 1.65 | 1.40 | 1.25 |



## NECTARINES

The Nectarine is another delicious fruit too seldom grown in the East. It is scarcely more than a fuzzless Peach. The tree habits, and the quality of the fruit are very much like those of the Peach with the exception of the fruit being smooth like a Plum.

We offer the SURE-CROP, which was imported from New Zealand by the United States Department of Agriculture. The fruit is large, bright red, and has a very pleasant flavor. The tree is hardy and productive, justifying all that the name SURE-CROP implies. The flesh of the fruit is white, juicy, fine grained, tender, sweet, aromatic and very good in quality.
$4-6 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 2.00$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.75$ each $\quad 3-4 \mathrm{ft},. \$ 1.60$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.35$ each

# ORANGE QUINCE 

A rery popular fruit which is seldom found on the market and is always in demand. Large, orange shaped; fine, golden, firm flesh of excellent quality. lest known of all Quinces.
4-6 ft
$\$ 2.00$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.75$ each
$3-4 \mathrm{ft}$
$\$ 1.60$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.35$ each

## APRICOTS . . Superb

A hardy Russian variety, being most hardy of all, bearing when others fail. The Apricot can be successfully grown anywhere Peaches are grown and requires similar culture and care. Fruit beautiful golden yellow, slightly blushed; flesh firm and solid.
4-6 ft.
$\$ 2.00$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.75$ each
3-4 ft.
$\$ 1.60$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.35$ each


# Russian Mulberry 

Hardy, prolific, sweet fruit greatly relished by birds and poultry. Fruit growers find it profitable to plant Mulberries near their Cherry trees as birds prefer the Mulberries, sparing the Cherries. Poultry raisers find Mulberry trees make desirable shade for the poultry lots, as well as furnish an abundance of fruit, which poultry enjoys and thrives on. Many people enjoy fresh Mulberries from the tree; however, they are too sweet for those who enjoy more acid fruits. The Mulberry is a rapid grower and annual bearer.
$4-6 \mathrm{ft} . . \$ 1.75$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.60$ each

## Oriental Persimmon

The culture of this delicious fruit has been somewhat urtailed because many who are not familiar with it have attempted to compare it with our native Persimmon. It is regarded by some as being a tropical fruit. While it will grow in more tropical climates, it can be grown in Virginia, along the coastline much farther north, and generally throughout the South. A large, delicious fruit, averaging as large in size as our biggest Delicious Apples. The Tane-Nashi variety, which we grow and recommend, is roundish, conical in shape and the skin is bright red when fully ripe. As attractive in appearance as delicious in quality.

5-6 ft. . . . . . . $\$ 2.25$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 2.00$ each

## Pawpaw

A fruit native to Virginia as well as some other sections of the country, Somewhat resembles the banana in shape, color, and taste. Relished by many; however it is very sweet and has a peculiar flavor, which at first does not always appeal, but with familiarity becomes quite agreeable. Small tree, seldom growing more than 15 feet. Fruit averages 4 inches in length and ripens in September and October.
$2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\qquad$ .$\$ 1.50$ each


Everbearing Fig

## FIGS (Not recommended North of Virginia)

Figs have been very little planted in this section, but are becoming better known and the demand for them is constantly increasing. They are hardy in Eastern Virginia and along the Atlantic Seaboard as far north as Washington, D. C.

BROWN TURKEY. Large, dark brown skin covered with thick blue bloom; flesh red, very delicious flavor. One of the hardiest varieties.
CELESTIAL. Hardiest and most popular of all Figs. Can be grown far outside the usual limits of culture; prolific. Medium size; light violet with bloom; sweet and excellent.
EVERBREARING. This is a wonderful new Fig-one that you should by all means include in your orchard or gar den. Early and prolific bearer, ripening large, delicious, straw-colored fruit from July until frost.

3-4 ft., $\$ 1.75$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.60$ each
$2-3 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 1.25$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.10$ each

## Special Types

## NEW SEEDLESS CONCORD

After years of experimentation and cross breeding, a perfectly hardy Seedless Grape has been developed-the first of a new strain of Grapes which should eventually replace the seeded varieties. Of the Concord type, but slightly smaller. Blueblack in color, possessing the same fine flavor found in the Concord Grape. $2 \mathrm{yr} ., \$ 1.50$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.25$ each.

## GOLDEN MUSCAT

At last we have a new, hardy California Muscat which can be grown throughout the East and South, where the old Muscats are not hardy. The golden berries are large, form a compact bunch, and are very attractive. The quality is the best, the fruit being meaty, with a Muscat aroma. 2 yr., $\$ 1.50$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.25$ each.

## SCUPPERNONG

White Scuppernong. The Grape of the South, but not hardy in all parts of Virginia, its culture being limited to the eastern coast; sparingly planted as far north as New Jersey; generally grown throughout the South. The Muscadine type does not grow in large, compact bunches, like the Concord, but the berries are larger and extremely popular for home use in the South. It is easily grown and less susceptible to the enemies common to other varieties. Large, white, juicy and most popular of this type. September.
James. A Black Scuppernong. Extra large berries, as much as $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. in circumference and of even better quality than the White Scuppernong. Extremely prolific. Ripens in September often hanging on until November.

## Scuppernong Varieties:

$2 \mathrm{yr} ., \$ 1.25$ each; 10 rate, $\$ 1.00$ each


Seedless Concord

## Grapes

The city lot does not always afforl sufficient room for all the tree fruits for home use, but no lot is too small to prevent growing sufficient Grapes for home use. An arbor may be trained over the walkway to the garage, the vines may be trained on outbuildings, the fence, or even on a trellis, affording a screen. Our large assortment of varieties will furnish Grapes of different classes, ripening throughout the season. Grapes start bearing early-usually the second year after being planted-are generally annual bearers, and are easily grown.


Golden Muscat

## New Varieties

From this group of improved varieties a selection can be made to considerably extend the Grape season and to include Grapes of better quality.
*CACO. A new red wine Grape having a peculiar Grape flavor which makes excellent wine and Grape juice. It is also delicious to serve raw, fresh from the vine. Berries large, sweet, prolific bearer.
*CHAMPAGNE. This variety has made an especially good showing in our test vineyard, producing enormous sized bunches of large, greenish white Grapes which have a delicious flavor and hang on the vines until late in the season. Prolific.
*FREDONIA. A new, early blue Grape of the Concord type, ripening more than two weeks earlier. Sweet; firm bunches, good shipper. Thick skin and less subject to attack by bees.
*LUCILE. A large, red Grape of excellent quality. Very sweet; prolific bearer. An excellent home variety, possibly a little tender for commercial purposes.
*ONTARIO. An improved new white Grape of the Niagara type. Extends the season by hanging on the vine later. Very sweet, delicious flavor. Prolific.
*PORTLAND. A new, early white Grape of the Niagara type. Vine a vigorous grower; bunches and berries larger than the White Niagara, maturing earlier.
*SHERIDAN. A new, blue Grape of the Concord type, ripening later, extending the Concord season. Vines just as hardy, as vigorous. and productive; sweeter and richer in quality.
WORDEN. Large, black, early Grape of Concord type. Precedes the Concord by 10 days. Good quality.


Prices of New Varieties:

## Standard Varieties

Do not let the prices of the Grapes in this wroup misleud you into believing that these varieties are not good. This group contains the best of the standard varieties found in most vineyards of the East, as well as in the home orchard.

BRIGHTON. An early, dark red Grape. Medium size; thin skin, flesh tender, sweet and of the best quality.
*CATAWBA. A popular, oldtime, late red wine Grape. Rich, aromatic, wine flavor.
*CONCORD. Most popular and most extensively planted of all Grapes. Blue, large bunches, medium size berries. We advise planting along with the Concord other varieties which will extend the season and furnish a variety.

DELAWARE. An early red Grape; bunches and berries small; excellent flavor and popular in the home vineyard.
*LUTIE. Very sweet, attractive, red Grape. Large, compart bunches; thin skin, tender flesh. So sweet that it preserves itself on the vine, the juice condensing to syrup. Midseason.
*MOORE'S EARLY. Blue Grape of the Concord type; two weeks earlier; berries larger than the Concord and bunches slightly smaller. A good shipper and profitable market variety as well as popular for home use. Early bearer.
*WHITE NIAGARA. An old favorite, the best known of the white varieties; serves as a standard among the whites as the Concord does among the biues. Berries and bunches large; does not crack easily and hangs on the vine well after ripening.

## PRICES OF STANDARD VARIETIES



## Suscious BERRIES

Fond rationing and the Tirtory Garden program have made berries a rital part of the home garden. Farmers who have an abundance of space seldom grew sufficient berries for family use. The city home owner on a 50 -foot lot-having a wonderful opportunity of growing fruit for his own table-uko neglected utilizing same. Home owners are now planting more berries and cnioying more fruit at less expense than ever hefore. Furthermore, they are deriving a lot of satisfaction from growing and harvesting fresh fruit on their own property

## RASPBERRIES

This delicious, useful fruit is divided into two distinct classes-the I lackcaps and Reds.

## Blackcaps

CUMBERLAND. Outstanding among the Blackeaps; the standard commercial variety a well tas mopular in the home garden. Large, purplish black, prolific. Firm, good quality Midseason. LOGAN. A new Blackcap. Early, ripening one weck ahead of the Cumberland, heavy sielder. Large, glossy black. Resistant to the common diseases to whichother Blackcaps are subject. An excellent companion to the Cumberland, extending the Blackeap season

## Standard Reds

CHIEF . A sport of the famous Latham, but 10 days earlier, extending the season, Large, firm; heary rielder. Ciond quality.
LATHAM. Brilliant red, mosaic free. Good shipper, as well as useful for canning. The most extensively planted Red Rappberry

Prices of Blackcaps and Standard Reds:
$\$ 2.00$ per 12, $\$ 3.25$ per 25 . $\$ 5.50$ per $50, \$ 9.75$ per $100, \$ 24.00$ per 300


## EI.DORADO. Best knuwn, most popular, hardiest, sweetest Blackberry. Large, black

 berries horne in clusters: priutically coreless. Extensively planted both commercially and for home use. Prolific and profitable. Early.BLOWERS. Large, glossy hack herries, which grow in clusters; melting sweet, excellent flavor, prolific. Mitseason.

## Blackberry Prices:

$\$ 2.00$ per $12, \$ 3.25$ per $25, \$ 5.50$ per $50, \$ 9.75$ per $100, \$ 24.00$ per 300

## LUCRETIA DEWBERRIES

Often referred to as a low-growing Blackberry. There are severnl varieties of Dewherries; the Lucretia is the most popular and satisfactory. The fruit is large, often measuring $11 / 2$ inches in length; sweet, highly flarored.
$\$ 2.00$ per $12, \$ 3.25$ per $25, \$ 5.50$ per $50, \$ 9.75$ per 100 . $\$ 24.00$ per 300

## NEW GIANT

## aysenberry

Within the past few years wonders have been aremplished in rross breeding and selecting outstianding sperimens of fruits. Amons the greatest accomplishments in cross breeding is the Famous Boysenberry, often referred to as the Wonder Berry, A hytorid fruit produced by crosing Rasplerry, Blackberry and Logaiberry: It is more vigorous than any of its parents. Immense in size and when
you taste it, you will agree that in flavor it stands supreme. Berries measure as much as 2 inclies in length. Yields of as numb as six tons ver arre are reportet. Commerrially, it outsells all beries on the market, but its greatest value is its qualities adapting it to home use Doikcious when served fresh, with surar and cream; wonderful for canning; makes excellent pies when fresh, camed or frozen; makes gool jam which is quite conspicunus becanse of the alsence of many of the seeds found in other berries, its the l3oysonberry is almost seedtess. Color, a pleasing, purplish wine. Juls
We recommend planting Buysenberries 6 feet ayart in rows 8 feet wide, requiring 900 plantis per acre. They nay lie traned to wires or left on the ground.
$\$ 1.30$ per $6, \$ 2.25$ per $12,83.75$ per $2.5, \$ 6.5$ per $\$ 11.00$ per $100, \$ 30.00$ per 300

## Improved Thornless Boysenberry

Same as the old strain with the exception that the vines are thorn-
less, saving pricked fingers and snagred hose, which are generally associated with the thorny varicties of berries. Ripens 10 days to two weeks ahead of the standard, extending the season.
2.00 per $6, \$ 3.00$ per $12,84.50$ per $25, \$ 8.00$ per 50 ,
813.50 per $100,8.85 .00$ per 300

## Youngberries

Another new hybrid fruit prodnced as a result of crossing the Dewhery and Longaberrs. Fruit, large, purplish wine in onlor, delicious and sweet. Emomous vield, monted in foms instend of grablons or crates Planted the same distance and cultivated in the same manner as Boysenberries.
1.30 per 6, s.25 per $12,83.75$ per 25, , 66.30 per 50 ,
$\$ 11.00 \mathrm{per} 100, \$ 30.00$ per 300

## Washington Asparagus

1 ur crowns, $\$ 2.50$ per 50 $\$ 4.50$ per $100, \$ 9.00$ per $250, \$ 14.00$ per $500, \$ 25.00$ per 1000

## (See page 15 for prices

 on 2 yr . crowns)
## April 29, 1943

Thank you for filling mw order so well, for sending such nice trees.
(Signed) Dr. Ioren (ill 40 E. Yornd City

March 29, 1943
I am enclosing my check invoice of February 18. I wish to compliment you on this shipment. All items onoked fine and have now been set out.
(Signed) D. H. Dillard
Lyuchburg,

November 2, 1942
Please send me one of your Catalogues of trees and flowers. We have gotten some
trees from you and like them very much.
(Signorl) Mrs. T. C. Kevitt Culpeper, Virginia


## Strawberries

No fruit is found in more gardens than the Strawherry, which can be successfully grown in almost all soils and climates requiring little attention other than keeping the beds free of weeds. It, however, respends to fertilization and culture. A lot of delicious fruit can be obtained from a very small section of your garden.
Strawberries may be had in an assortment of varieties, but we do not recommend more than a sufficient number of varieties to cover the season and furnish proper pollination. The following varicties will enable you to make a selection that will furnish berries of the highest quality throughout the Strawberry season.

NOTE-Strawberries are put up 25 plants to the bunch and are not offered in smaller quantities than 25, or in broken bunches.

## PARCEL POST SHIPMENTS OF STRAWBERRIES

Our Strawberry Plants are sold f.o.b. our shipping point, but can often be shipped to the best advantage by Parcel Post. It is impossible to estimate in advance exactly what the postage will be, but if you would like your plants shipped by Parcel Post, advise, and we will do so, and you may remit whatever postage the package shows.

## . . . Twa Outstanding Stramberries .. . MAJESTIC <br> GEM

A new, patented variety which originated in Virginia, but its popularity has now spread throughout the East due to its enormous yield, having made an average yield of more than double other leading varieties in the various State Experiment Station test. Extremely large, rich bright red; firm and long distance shipper. If your space is limited, plant the Majestic and obtain the maximum yield; or if you are growing berries commercially, plant the Majestic and reap a really handsome profit. One of the few 'Strawberries ever to he honored with a United States patent, which it well deserves. Medium early. $\$ 2.25$ per $50, \$ 4.00$ per $100, \$ 8.00$ per $250, \$ 14.00$ per 500 , $\$ 25.00$ per 1000

## EVERBEARING GIANT

Even without its everbearing qualities, the Gem is a good berry, making in the Spring a normal yield of firm, sweet, large, glossy, dark red berries, and then repeating in the Fall, when berries are more or less a in the fand when berries are more or less a or served on the home table.
$\$ 2.25$ per $50, \$ 4.00$ per $100, \$ 8.00$ per 250 ,
$\$ 14.00$ per 500 , $\$ 25.00$ pe 10 U

## Standard Varieties of Strawberries

## AROMA. An old variety which continues to be one of the best of its

 season. Firm, bright red, medium to large, good shipper, sweet and delicious. Hardy, seldom being killed by frost. Late.BLAKEMORE. A large, firm, early berry of good quality. Excellent shipper, ranking at the top as a commercial berry; al so one of the best home garden varieties, due to its earliness, hardiness and fruit of excellent quality.
DORSETT. A new variety introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture. Conical in shape, bright red, similar to Blakemore but not quite as firm and as extensively planted. Early.
FAIRFAX. A companion to the Dorsett. Also introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture. Large, bright red. Retains its flavor well after being picked. Fruiting season extends over a long period. Early.

KLONDYKE. An old southern variety which has survived the test and competition from many newer berries. Medium to large, firm. A sure cropper, a prolific bearer. Early.
PREMIER. One of the best known of the early, commercial varieties, being large, of good quality, firm shipper. One of the most popular home garden varieties. Its excellent appearance sells it on sight while its unusually good quality calls for more.


Asparagus

## ASPARAGUS

We cannot imagine any plant more easily grown
than Asparagus, its chief requirement being a deep, requiremen
When grown commer cially, Asparagus is planted cially, Asparagus is planted 18 inches 4 reet and 12 to is inches apart in the row. When grown for home use, it may be planted in a bed or border.
We grow and offer exclusively the New, Pedigreed WASHINGTON Variety,
which is resistant to rust.
100 plants will furnish 100 plants will furnish your table with fresh As-
paragus tips for six weeks paragus tips for
in early Spring. in early Spring.
2 yr. field grown roots, $\$ 1.75$ per $25, \$ 2.50$ per 50 , $\$ 4.50$ per $100, \$ 8.00$ per $250, \$ 13.59$ per $500, \$ 24.00$ per 1000

## Herbs and Garden Roots

In Colonial Days the average Amerisan home considered its Herb Carden just as important and essential as the Vegetable Garden, but the Herb Garden has gradually been neglected, and until recently, almost forgotien-the housewife depend ing on the grocery store shelves for food seasonings and extracts, many of which were imported from forcign countries. The war suddenly cut off the sourre of supply, reviving American interest in Herb and Vegetable Gardening. A supply of choice herbs in the home enalles the housewife to convert into wholesome dishes many foods which otherwise would not be consumed. It is not only economy to grow Herbs for the table, but convenient and a source of satisfaction.
CHIVES. Mild, Onion-like flavor. Used for soups and salads.
HORSERADISH. Well known, popular seasoning for meats and used as a relish Grates fine and tender.
PEPPERMINT. Leaves and tender tops used for cooling drinks and for flavoring SPEARMINT. Used chiefly for ised drinks and juleps.
SAGE. An old-time Herb which is still much in demand for seasoning meats. Also a very poputar enmmercial crop.
TARRAGON. Used in salads and in making vinegar. Delicious in jello and fruit cups.
THYME. Seasoning plant and also a lovely ground cover frequently planted in the rock garden or perennial border.
WATERCRESS. Spicy leaves used for flayoring sandwiches and salads. Also affords one of the best Winter and early Spring cooking greens. Plant in small streams or pools.

> Prices on above Herbs and Garden Roots:
> 25 c . each, $\$ 2.50$ per dozen, $\$ 18.00$ per 100

## NUT TREES

At one time the wild, native nuts, in an assortment of varieties, could be harvested in almost all timbered sections of the East, but this is no loncer possible. The A merican Sweet Chestnut was wiped ont by the Chestnut hlight. The American Shellbark Hickury Nut has been cu fir wood and even the American Black Walnut -which is one of the most valuable imber trees-has been practically eliminated as a native tree. So if we are to enioy native nuts, it is necessary to cultivate them, just as we are now cultivating fruits and farm crops.
BLACK WALNUT. Of course, every planter is familiar with the Native Black Walnut. However, not all are familiar with the possibilities that the culture of the Black Walnut offers. As a timber proposition, Black Walnut culture is extremely profitable, esperially when planted on land where it can be left to grow and at the sane time used as pasture, as the Black. Walnut does not interfere with the grass, which thrives under the trees, and when established, the trees make g ood shade for livestock, which does not injure them. We offer root pruned, transplanted trees as follows: 2-3 it. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per cloz., 60.00 per 100 ; $3-4$ $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per doz., $\$ 75.00$ per $100 ; 4-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per doz. $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz.; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per doz.


Rhubarb

## RHUBARB

It would be difficult to conceive a garden vegotabie offering more food fort than Rhubar which fort than hernda, wher prefers a deep, fertile soil, but requires lention. Produces delicious food in the early spring then garden vegetablesare carce. We offer the Victoria, which has enormous long stalks of cherry red color; very tender. Plant 3 beds. No. 1 roots, $30 c$. each, $\$ 3.00$ per doz
$\$ 20.00$ per 100

BLACK WALNUT, THOMAS IMPROVED. Grafted. Large, thin shell, early bearing strain. 3-4 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per doz

- BLIGHT RESISTANT CHINESE CHESTNUT. Most remarkable thing about this Chinese strain of blight resistant Chestnut is its early bearing qualities. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. trees often bear full crops in the nursery row. The nuts closely resemble the Native American Sweet Chestnut, which is a thing of the past. Hardy, prolifie bearer. 2-3 ft. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz. ; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.50$ each, $\$ 25.00$ per doz.
ENGLISH WALNUT. As a commercial crop proposition, the English Walnut ranks at the top, being one of the nuts which can be profitably grown commercially in this section. Further description is not necessary as the English Walnuts we offer are the same as the Pacific Coast grown found in local grocery stores. They apparently thrive just as well here as in any other section where they are a profitable commercial crop. Now beins planted in this area both commercially and for home use. We offer the Virginia Thin Sthell variets. $1 \$-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per doz.; $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75$ each, $\$ 18.00$ per doz. ; 3-4 ft. $\$ 2.50$ ewh.
(FILBERT (HAZELNUT). A native, hardy nut; attractive, shrublike tree planted for both the nuts and ornamental effect. 3-4 ft. $\$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 24.00$ per doz
ORIENTAL WALNUT. A rapid-growing tree, early bearer, producing nuts resembling the White Walnut. 3-4 fit. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per doz.; 4-6 ft. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per doz.; $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz.; $\$-10 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per doz.


## PECANS

Virginia is located in the northern end of the Pecan growing section and jts culture is not recommended here or north of Virginia as a commercial crop but almost every home owner desires a few trees for supplying home requirements possibly using same for shade and ornamental effect. Of course our customers south of Virginia plant Pecans for both commercial and home use.

There are many varieties of Pecans but we attempt to offer only carefully selected, satisfactory varieties in the area we serve.
MAHAN. New, early bearing variety; largest of all. Frequently reported to start hearing in 3 or 4 years after being transplanted. Quality the hest. $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$ each, $\$ 50.00$ per doz.
PAPER SHELL. Medium to large, thin shell, nuts of good quality; one of most satisfactory for this area. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per doz.; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz. STUART. Possibly the best known and most extensively planted of ali Pecans because of its adaptability to a wide range of culture. Can be grown in the deep south and as far north as any of the southern varieties As the Mahan becomes better known, it is gaining rapidly on Stuart in popularity.
$2-3$ ft. $\$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per doz.; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per doz.;
4-5 ft. \$3.50 each, $\$ 35.00$ per doz.


## Ornamental and <br> Landscape Department

It is not possible al this time to build a home without much inconvenience and delay, but you can improve the appearance of the old home by modernizing your planting. No doubt many new varieties have been made available since the old planting was made and some of the old shrubs and trees have served their usefulness. So great improvement could be accomplished by remodeling and reviving the old planting-putting in newer and better varieties, properly arranged.


## SHRUBS

This important class of phant material has many uses in modern planting. We can hardly conceive a garden without a shrul, breler, stme sperimens, and possibly the low growing types used in the ombatim plating. Improvements in varicties have extended the blooming season, as well as afforded : more hemutiol combination of colors. Shrubs, ats a rule, are inexpensive, easily transhanted and grown. We offer the following collemtion of chane rarietie:
ALMOND FLOWERING (Prunus japonica florepleno). Dwarf shrub. Double pink flowers appear ing in spring in masses, covering the plant. 18-24 in. 8x., eacn; -2-3 th., 81.25 each

ALTHAEA - ROSE-OF-SHARON Hibiscus syriacus). While the Althaer is an old shrub, few reulize and appreciate its usefuhess and wematy. At its best at a time when the shrub vorder most needs a toach of oolor, hlossoming Houb for brackermunds or shrub borders. Grows to a heicht of 6 to 8 ft ., branched from the ground, Dat can he trained into a small tree. We offer Althuea i whoth Donble and Single in the following erlors: Pink, Purple. Red, and White, and als, Single Laventer. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. 75 c e each, $\$ 7.50$ per diven; $3-4$ ft. $\$ 1.00)$ each, $\$ 1000$ per dozen;
$4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$ each, $\$ 17.50$ per dozen.

ALTMAEA coelestis, A new, single blue. More dwari than the old variety, but most outstanding beculuse of its clear blue flowers resembling in coior the Morning Glory, (Sce illustration.) $18-24 \mathrm{in} .75 \mathrm{c}$. each, $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. 1.00 each.
ARALIA, FIVE-LEAVED (Acanthopanax pentaphyllum. 6 to 8 ft . A hardy shrub. Planted chiefly for its hardiness and attractive follage. -3 ft. 5 sc . each, $3-4 \mathrm{ft} .812 .5$ earh
ARROW-WOOD (Viburnum dentatum). 10 to 15 ft . Large white flowers, blue berries; beautiful Autumn-eglored foliage. Thrives in damp stil. 2--3 ft. Ti.e. enth $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. 21.25

## ABELIA grandiflora

One of the most beantiful and ussefy of all shruls. (nossy fultage which is Winters-making it eligible for chassifontion as a broud-loaved everoreen hotion tas it bromd-leaved everereen under both shrubs and broad-leaved under both shrubs and broad-leaved
evergreens. Grows to at height of 4 to 6 feet making it ideal for foundation planting; also used for hedges and phating; also used for hedges ann
shrubborders. Small, light pink, tubular blossums appear in July and con timue until frost. One of the most season when few shrubs are in hlosseason when tew shrubs are in blos phia. When offered as a shrub it is die without bull (sec illustrution ) $15-24$ in., $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen $2{ }_{2} 3 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen; $2.3 \mathrm{ft},. \$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen. plints, see Broad-leaved Evergreens.

BARBERRY, RED = LEAVED (Berberis atropurpurea). A sport of the well known Barberry thunbersi, differing by


Althaen Conipstis


1bera

BEAUTFBUSH (Kolkwitzia amabilis). 5 to 6 it. A new shrub which has great puss bilities. Deciduous. Resembles Abelia, but hooms early in the Spring. Mity be usel in combination with Abelia and other shruhs of similar heierht and habits to furnish blossom throughout the Summer. Long, arehing branches covered in the early sume with masses of pink, tubular biossoms. $18-2 \pm$ in. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.0 i$ ) per dogen; $2-3$ fi. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen.
BUSH HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera). Hardy, easily grown shruls which have mat uses, thriving in both shate and sunlight, furnishing bloom in Spring followed by red berries later in the season. 6 to 8 ft
Morrowi. Wide-spreading branches producing a profusion of creamy white flowers, followed by bright red berries relished by birds.
Tatarica rubra. One of the few shrubs affording pink flowers in April, followed by bright red berries. Useful in hedges, shrub horlers, and backwroumls. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . .60 \mathrm{e}$ each, 86.00 per dozen $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . .5 \mathrm{se}$ earh, $\$ 8.59$ per dozen
BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia). Quick, bushy growth.
Azure Fairy (Alternifolia): 5 to 6 ft . Most hardy and earliest 1 hooming of the Buddleias. A weeping fountain of beaty. Drooping lilac-colored fowering spikes, as much as 2 ft . Worthy of a place in the better gardens. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .8 .5 \mathrm{c}$. earh; :3-4 $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each, 4-6 ft. $\$ 1.75$ each.
Charming (New Pink Butterfy Bush). Similar in habits of growth to the Magnifica but blossoms are the nearest to a pink of any known variety. (Sice illustrution. 2 yr. $\$ 1.00$ each.
Dubonnet. A new, reddish purple. Similar to Ile de France, but a sonewhat more vigorous grower. (See illustration.) 2 3r. \$1.00 ach.
Magnifica. The old lilac-purple Buddleia. Too well known to require detailed deseription. 3 yr. 75 c . each.
CHINESE BEAUTYBERRY (Callicarpa pur-
purea) 2 to 4 ft . Graceful, dwarf shrub. lowe by masses of purne berrice mating it an important berried plant. 2-3 ft . 7 Jc . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
CORALBERRY, New, Chenaulti (Symphoricarpos chenaulti). 3 to 4 ft . Useful, dwarflike shrub which can be grown in almost any kind of soil or location. Somewhat weeping. Light pink flowers in early Summer followed by coral berries which hang on well into the Winter. Hardy, easily transplanted. 2-3 ft 60 e. each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen, 3-4 ft. S.je. euth, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen.
COTONEASTER divaricata (Spreading Cotoneaster). From China. (irows 5 to 6 ft . high, graceful, spreading habit. Small, green, polished leaves, red, egg-shaned fruit. Cilorious scarlet Autumn tints. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen.
CRANBERRY BUSH (Viburnum americanum). 8 to 9 ft . Often referred to as Highbush Cranberry. White flowers followed by orange-red berries during late Summer. One of the best berry-bearing shrubs. 2-3 ft. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.


Daddlea-Charming, Dubonnet


Red Leaved Barberry
DOGWOOD, Golden Stem (Cornus stoloniferalutea). 6 to 7 ft . A uscfil shrub beranse of its grolelen hranches which are efuite ornmmental during the dormant season. Its white flowers are followed by white berries which make it nexful as both a flowering and herried shrub. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. The. earh, $\$ 7.50 \mathrm{per}$ dozen. DOGWOOD, Red Stem (Cormus stolonifera). © to ft. Sprealing shruh with bright redush purpl branches which are quite ornament athring the Winfor months. Creamy white Howers in chase chasters followed hy white herrics making it a ueoful year round shrul). 2-3 it. 75 e e eanh, 87.50 per dozem $3-4$ ft. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. \$1.5 ELDER, AMERNCAN (Sambucus canadensis). 9 ft . Clusters of Pragrant, whito flowers in July, folowed hy btack bermes whin are omamental until late Fall. 5-6 ft. \$1.50 each, \$5.e0 per dozen EUONYMUS allatis (Winged Burningbush)。 6 to 8 ft . Unusual shrab. Upright, dwarf hahit, compar horizontal, spreading branches with a minue, cor'



## Crapemyrtle (Lagerstroemia indica)

Fifteen to twenty feet. May be had in assorted colors; blooms from July until frost. While it has been known to stand temperatires of as much as 15 dearees below zero, it is not considered entirely hardy. Howerer, it can be grown most successfully and is a beautiful shrub in the eastern part of Virginia, Washington, D. C. and along the Atlantic Seacoast even fartlier north. Throughout the South the Crapemyrtle ranks at the top as a flowering shrub, growing to be much larger and being longer lived than in this area. This beutiful shrub moy be had in Pink, Watermelon Red, Purple and White. It is more difficult to transplant than most shrubs; should be pruned back severely when transpanted, and given plenty of time to start new growth. (Sec illustration.) Spring planting recommended. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen; 3.4 ft . B\&B, $\$ 3.75$ each; $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, $\$ 5.00$ each; $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, $\$ 7.50$ each; $6-7 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, Specimen Plants, $\$ 15.00$ each.

DESMODIUM pendulifiorum. 6 to 7 ft . Bunches of small lavender, clover like l:lnssoms in Sept. and Oct. Useful because of its blooming at a season when there are few flowering shrubs in bloom. 3 yr. plants, 60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen. DEUTZIA. An old, popular, garden shrub which is now available in a large assortment of improved varieties. We offer the following:
Crenata. 6 to 8 ft . Double pink. Slightly fragrant flowers.
Fortunei. 6 to 8 ft . Pure white flowers.
Pride of Rochester (Duetzia scabra). 6 to 8 ft . Fast growing, carly. Masses of pink-tinged flowers covering the shruh.

Prices on above varieties of Tall-mrowing Deutzias: 2-3 ft. 60e. each,
Gracilis (Slender Deutzia). 2 to 3 ft . One of our best dwarf flowering shrubs; arching branches covered with pure white flowers in April or May. Not as hardy as the taller growing varieties. 12-15 in., 60 c. earh, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen. Gracilis rosea (Rose Panicled Deutzia). Similar to the Gracilis, but pink. 12-15 in. 60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen.


Crapemyrtle


Flowering Quince

## HYDRANGEAS

H YDRANGEAS Hills of Snow (Hydrangea arborescens 4 ft . Pure , early booming variety continuing throughout the summer. Can be grown in full sunnght or partial shade. $18-24 \mathrm{in} .75 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per duzen.
Peegee (Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora) 6 to 8 ft . An old shrub which continues to be in great demand. Large, white, conical shaped heads appearing in August and remaining intact throughout the season, but turning to a light pink during the Fall. For best results, prune back each Winter. 18-24 in. 75 c . carh, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50$ each.

## Blue Hydrangea <br> (HYDRANGEA MACROPHYLLA)

Used extensively as potted plants, also popular as outdoor garden plants. Especially beautiful in the East, along the seacoast; however, they can be grown in almost all parts of the country provided the soil is kept acid; some protection is desirable where the temperature goes below zero. We recommend during the Wister mounding the earth as is the practice with Roses. Approximately 2 to 3 ft ., glossy green foliage. Violet-blue flowers in acid soil; pink in sweet soil. (See illustration.) 2 yr. $\$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen; 3 yr. $\$ 1.50$
each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen.

Blue Hydrangea


HYPERICUM aureum (Golden St. Johnswort). Low growing shrub affording masses of yellow flowers during July and August. 2 yr. 60 c . each, 3 yr. $\$ 1.00$ each.


Hawthorn Berries

FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia japonica). 4 to 6 ft . Old shrub which is found in
almost every garcen. Red iowers in early Spring lasting for several weeks, followed by orange-colored fruits which are ornamental and useful for jellies. (See illustration.)

FORSYTHIA (Gordembeni). Arerage height 6 to 8 ft . A most useful shrub. One of the first flowering sl rubs to bloom, covered with vellow, tubular flowers before the foliage appears, and it is an attractive and useful shrub throughout the rest of the year Often used as hetiges, screens, shrub borders and especially useful on steep banl:s, preventing erosith as it can be grown in almost any kind of scil and climate.
Fortune Forsythia (Forsythia fortunei). Vigorous, upright grower; twisted petals.
Green-stemmed Forsythia (Forsythia viridissima). Most rigcrous. Green bark, dark green foliare. Late
Showy Border Forsythia (Forsythia spectabilis). Newest, most popular and most profuse bloomer. Rich, golden yellow. (See illustration.)
Weeping Forsythia (Forsythia suspensa). Excellent as a ground cover for stcep banks and for hiding unsightly objects. Beautiful habit of growth and blossoms Forsythia Prices: $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen, $\$ 45.00$ per 100 ; $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen, $\$ 75.00$ per 100
HAWTHORN (Crataegus). The Hawthorns somewhat resemble Flowering Crabs, but are usually more compact, rounder shaped trees. Especially useful in large estates, cemeteries and parks. 12 to 18 feet
Crataegus coccinea (Thicket Hawthorn). Large white flowers followed by red fruit in Fall.
Crataegus cordata (Washington Hawthorn). Especially noted for its bright red berries. White blossoms in Spring and glossy green foliage throughout the Summer turning to scarlet in Autumn. (Sce illustration.)
Crataegus crusgali (Cockspur Thorn). Also noted for its attractive red berries in Autumn. Comscarlet Autumn foliage.
Crataegus oxycantha (English Hawthorn). Single white flowers, red berries. More dwarf grower and especially suited for the smailer garden; however it may be used in any sized planting.
Hawthorn prices: $\mathbf{3 - 4} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50$ ea., $\$ 15.00$ per doz.; $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.50$ ea., $\$ 25.00$ per doz.; 5-6 ft. B\&B, $\$ 6.00$ ea.


Forsythia
IBOTA PRIVET (Ligustrum Ibota). 8 to 10 ft . White hlossoms followed by shiny, blue-black berries which hang on until late Winter. $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00$ each
JAPANESE BLOODLEAF MAPLE (Acer palmatum atropurpureum). 8 to 10 ft . A small Maple with blood red foliage throughout the Summer. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~B}, \$ 5.00$ each.
JERSEY TEA (Ceanothus americanus). 2 to 3 ft . Attractive, dwarf shrub. Prefers shady locations Sweetly scented white flowers in early Summer. $4 \backslash \mathrm{Vr} .75 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
JETBEAD (Rhodotypos kerrioides). Compact bush studded with pure white fowers in late Spring, followed by fruits like jet-black beads, which persist throughout the Winter. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 3-4 ft. 81.00 each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen,

IKERRIA japonica flore-plenc. 4 to 6 ft . Bright green stems, dark green foliage and double yellow blossoms all Summer. $18-24$ in. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
LILAC (SYRINGA), Hybrid Named Varieties. An old shrub which has lost none of its popularity; in fact, it is more popular than ever, due to the great improvement in varieties, which are numerous. We have carefully made a selection of the choice varieties listed below, from which you can make a selection to fill almost any requirementaffording you Lilacs unsurpassed in beauty and charm.
Belle De Nancy. Double. Pink.
Charles Joly. Double. Reddish purple.
Charles X. Single. Reddish purple.
Doyen Keteleer. Double. Pink.
Jan Van Tol. Considered best single
Le Calois. Double. Lilac.
Marie Legraye. Single. White. (Sec illustration.)
Michel Buchner. Double. Lavender.
Persian. Fragrant lavender. Free bloomer.
Pres. Grevy. Magnificent, large, double bluc. (See illustration.)
Pres. Lincoln. Single. Bluish violet.
Rubra de Marley. Single. Reddish purple. One of the best. (See illustration.) Prices on above named varieties of Lilacs: $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $\mathbf{2 - 3} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.35$ each, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen

LILAC, Common Purple and White (Syringa vulgaris). The old-fashioned Lilars frund in almost every garden, regardless of how simple or elaborate. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.25$ MOCKORANGE (Philadelphus). An old shrub which has been improved in variety and still has a place in every garden.
Bouquet Blanc (Philadelphus Bouquet Blane). 4 to 5 ft . Semi-double, pure white. Profuse
bloomer; dwarf, compact grower. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.
Sweet (Philadelphus coronarius). 8 to 10 ft . A vigorous grower and adapted to either full sunlight or partial shade. Very fragrant, creamy white flowers borne in great profusion. 2-3 ft. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. 85 c . each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen; $4-6 \mathrm{ft}$. . $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen.
Virginal (Philadelphus virginalis). 6 to 8 ft . New. Very fragrant, large, semi-double, pure white flowers in profusion in May and in fewer numbers throughout the summer. Recommended as the best of all Mockoranges; in fact, one of our best garden shrubs. (See illustration.) $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each. $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.35 each, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen.
PEARL BUSH (Exochorda grandiflora). 8 to 10 ft . A large, fast-growing shrub. Pure white flowers in May. Useful in shrub borders, backgrounds, and as screens. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 4-6 ft., \$1.35 each, \$13.50 per dozen

## PURPLE FRINGE, or

 SMOKE TREE (Rhus cotinus). 10 to 12 ft . Conspicuous, spreading shrub-like tree. Large clusters of round leaves, overhung in Midsummer ly mist-like clouds of tiny lavender pink flowers, hanging on for months. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. \$1.35 each, \$13.50 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$1.75 each, $\$ 17.50$ per dozen; $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. \$2.00 each.PUSSY WILLOW (Salix discolor). 8 to 10 ft . Frequently found in shrub borders. Also useful as cut flowers when the branches are cut in the early Spring and brought indoors to bloom. 3-4 ft. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $4-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.00$ each. ROSEMARY WHLOW (Salix incana). 8 to 10 ft. Attractive, slow growing Willow with silvery leaves resembling the leaves resembing the 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen.



Philadelphus Virginalis
REGEL PRIVET (Ligustrum regelianum). 4 to 5 ft . A beautiful shrub which serves a very useful purpose where a low growing plant is required. Very hardy; dark, shiny leaves; graceful, drooping branches. Ideal for covering walls, banks, or a low foundation. 18-24 in. 85 c . each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen; 2-3 ft . $\$ 1.25$ earh, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. \$1.60 each.
SNOWBALL, COMMON (Viburnum opulus sterilis). 9 to 10 ft . A very satisfartory, hardy shrub with beatutiful clusters of globular, white flowers in May. 18-24 in. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; 3-4 ft. $\$ 1.50$ each.

SNOWBALL, ORIENTAL (Viburnum tomentosum plicatum). 7 to 8 ft . This more dwarf-like type is more extensively used than the old-fashioned Common Snowball. In addition to its big white flowers in June, it has beautiful, glossy green foliage throughout the Summer, turning to a purple in Autumn. (See illustration.) 2-3 ft. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.35$ each, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen. SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos racemosus). 4 to 5 ft . Handsome, dark green foliage and a profusion of large white berries in the Fall. Conspicuous in any border planting. 2-3 ft. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen. SPIRAEAS. Useful class of shrubs, available in many varieties. Following varieties are especially useful since they can be used for both small home planting and larger landscape developments. Spireas, as a rule, are easily grown, inexpensive, adapted to wide range of soils, and hardy in almost all climates. Anthony Waterer. 2 ft . Especially useful under windows and along shrub borders, requiring a low growing shrub. Flat, rose pink flower clusters in great numbers in June, smaller numbers during the rest of the Summer. $12-15 \mathrm{in}$. 60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; $15-18 \mathrm{in}$. 85 c . each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen. Billiardi (Spiraea billiardi). The Everblooming Spirea. Medium height, 4 to 6 ft . Pink and white flower spikes which are at their best in July, but continue until frost. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. 60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; 3-4 ft. 85 c . each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen.


SPIRAEA, BLUE (Caryopteris incana). 18 in . Dwarf grower; somewhat perennial-like, since in this locality the tops die back to the ground each Winter, but reappear promptly on the approach of Spring, affording an abundance of pleasing blue flowers throughout the Summer. 3 yr. plants 50 c . each, $\$ 500$ per dozen.
Froebeli (Spiraea froebeli). 3 ft . Similar to the Anthony Waterer but a stronger grower. Rose pink flowers in July. $15-18 \mathrm{in} .60 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen.
Golden (Spiraea opulifolius luteus). 4 to 6 ft . Golden variegated foliage, white flowers in early Spring. 3-4 ft. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
Korean (Spiraea trichocarpa). One of the newer varieties, resembling Vanhouttei, blooming 2 or 3 weeks later, extenłing the season. Pure white. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; ; $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.
Reeves Double Spirea (Spiraea reevesiana). 5 to 6 ft . White flowers borne in clusters along the branches in May. Differs from Vanhouttei by having double flowers and larger foliare. -2-3 ft 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 3.4 ft . $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.

## wannffsborn nupsernis. InC.

SPIRAEA thumbergi (Spiraea thunbergi) 4 to 5 ft . A dence, fluffy bush with attractive, green, feather-!ike foliage, which turns to beautiful colors of crange and red in Autum. Dainty white fowers; first of the Spireas to blossom in the Spring. 18-24 in. 75 . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $2.3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.35$ ewh, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen.
Vanhouttei (Spiraea vamhouttei)。 6 to 8 ft . At home almost everywhere planted, under the most faworable and unfavorable conditions; melium grower. Often used in foundation plantings, shruhborders, as specimens, and put to mumerous other used Sureading, attractive shrub, good foliage, and in the early Suring is covered with masses of pure white flowers. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$ SWEET PEPPER BUSH (Clethra alnifolia). 4 to 5 ft . It medium height lends it to many uses in the garden. Spkike of fragrant, white fowers in August and September, when few flowering shrubs are in hloom. 18-24 in. 60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen.
SWEET SHRUB (Calycanthus foridus). 4 to 6 ft . An old garden favorite. Dark reddish brown, sweetly scented flowers most numerous in May, but some may be found throughout the rest of the Summer. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}$, each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.00$ each. 810.00 per dozen

TAMARIX (Tamarix airicana). 8 to 10 ft . Tall, slender, straggly growing tree with beaktiful, feather-like foliage; delicate pink flowers in April. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}$ each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; $3-4$ $\mathrm{ft} .8 \overline{\mathrm{c}}$. each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen; $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.35$ each, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen
VITEX (Chaste-tree). 4 to 5 ft . Large, showy lavender flower spikes appear in July and last until frost. We offer the Macrophylla, the large-lenf type; aiso the Incisa, the cut-leaf trpe. 2-3 ft. 75 c . each, 87.59 per dozen; $3-1 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.
WEIGELA (Weigela). An old garden sharuh which continues to he in demand; used in gurdens of all sizes und designs. Our selection of varietics meets the needs of any garden.
Eva Rathke. 4 to 5 ft . Free bloomer, beginning in June and blooming intermittents until late Fall. Bright red. 18-24 in. 75 c each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1,00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen.
Floribunda (Weigela floribunda). 7 to 8 ft . A now red, resembling Rosea in lubit of growth but bright red. One of the better shruls. (Sice thustration.) $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}$ en Rosea (Weigela rosea). 7 to 8 ft . Best known and most extensively planted of the Pink Weigrelas, blomming abundantly in June $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. Gile, cach, \$6.00) per dozen, 3-1 ft .

WINTER JASMINE (Jasminum nudiflorum). Prostrate grower; used for envering hanks and walls. Profusion of yellow blossoms in early Spring, usu:lly March. 3 yr . Chmps, $\$ 1.00$ earch, $\$ 10.00$ ber dozen; 4 yr . champ $\$ 150$ erch, s15.(0) ner diszen

Winterbery




Weigela Floribumda

WHITE FRINGE (Chionanthus virginica). Tery showy shrub, 12 to 15 ft . in height. Larqe, leathery shiny leaves: masses of late-like, drooping, white flowers in May, followed by large purple herries. A native of Virginia, but hardy and easily grown over a wide area. Esperishly useful near streams, affording a pleasing effert when platiod in front of Weeping Willows and other droopirg trees. 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozer; $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per dozen. WINTERBERRY (Ilex verticillata)。 6 to 8 ft . A deciduous Holly, noted for its bright red, shiny berries used at Christmas time for decorative purposes. Fur best results, plant in groups of three or more. Harr! from Maine to Florida. (Sec illustration.) 18-24in. fitc. earh, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15,00$ per dozen.

## HIDAR PLINTS

A hedoe is ornamental, as well as it affords protection, costing less than metal, wood, or stone fences; requires little attention other than some shearing, whirh is less expensive than the painting and upkeep of other fences. We especially recommend to you the Erergreen Amur River Privet. However, there are other varicties of plant material which can be used as a hedge.

Planting-For a dense, compact hedge, we recommend 6 indhes apart in a single row and pruning back within 2 or 3 inches of the ground at time of planting.

## Amur River Privet

## (LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE)

The foutherm, evergreen twpe. Just as hardy as the Califormia Privet and me re beautiful beeause it retains its glossy green foliage throughout the average Winter. A rapid, compact grower, making a dense hedge in a short time. May be kept sheared to almost any height from 1 to 8 feet. It may also be used as a screen or background where, if permitted to grow freely, it affords a profusion of white fowers in May and large quantities of shiny, bue berrics which hang on throughout Winter. (See illustratiom.)
$\begin{array}{lllll}50 & 100 & 250 & 500 & 1000\end{array}$
$1 \mathrm{rr}, 12-18 \mathrm{in} . . . .$.
Well branched:
$\begin{array}{llrllll}2 \\ 2 & \mathrm{yr} ., 18-24 \mathrm{in} \ldots & 8.00 & 15.00 & 35.00 & 67.50 & 125.00 \\ 2 \mathrm{yr}, 2 \mathrm{ft} \ldots & 10.00 & 18.00 & 42.50 & 80.00 & \mathbf{1 5 0 . 0 0}\end{array}$ $13.50 \quad 25.00 \quad 60.00 \quad 110.00$

## California Privet

## (LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM)

One of the oldest and best known of the hedges. Not as extensively used as the Evergreen Amur but planted farther north. Dark, glossy, green foliage somewhat larger than the Amur River; similar in habits of growth, but not evergreen.
Well branched: $\quad 50 \quad 100 \quad 250 \quad 500 \quad 1000$
2 yr., $18-24 \mathrm{in} . . . \$ 8.00 \$ 15.00 \$ 35.00 \$ 67.50 \$ 125.00$ 2 yr., 2-3 ft.... $10.00 \quad 18.00 \quad 42.50 \quad 80.00 \quad 150.00$

## BARBERRY THUNBERGI

See page 16 for Barberry thunbergi, which is also extensively used for hedges.

## Wayneshara' Choice Evergreens

Evergreens are not only beatiful in Winter when the carth is brown and deciduous trees are barren, but are graceful and effective during the Summer.

## ARBORVITAE (Thuja)

There are two distinct, types of Arborsitae - the Ameriran and Oriental. There are more than 50 rarieties
 to a wide range of soil and climate, casily transplanted, and have many uses. AMERICAN TYPES
ARBORVITAE: American (Thuja occidentalis). The mother of this hig chase. Inark erem fominge; prat midal in form, but more spreading and less ermpart than the Amerimal Pramidal, Fhiape flat and arr:mged on edge. Useful as a winthreak, sereen, or as a merimen. $18-24$ iu. $\$ 2.25,2-3 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{mo}, 3-1 \mathrm{ft}$. \$4.01), $4-5 \mathrm{ft} .85 .00,5-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.51), \$-10 \mathrm{ft}$. speriments $\$ 15.010$. Columbia (Thuja occidentalis, Columbia). Acompact, prymidal trpe. Light green, ,ilver-tike foliage

Globe (Thuja globosa). One of the must extensively usert of the Arborvitaes, heing a dwarf, compont, globe-shaped grower, making it an ideal Evergren for foundation whating, for hedres hordering flower gar-
 having golden folisge, which makes it useful to give a touch of color when planted in groups with other rarieties. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 6.00,667 \mathrm{ft} .87 .50,7-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 15.00,10-12 \mathrm{ft} ., 22.50$.
Pyramidal (Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis). One of the best prramidal ivergreens and an exrellent companion of the Giohe when used in foundation phantings, the Pyramidal being used at the corners and other spases where pramidal types are required. More slemder and compact than the American,orequiring no shearing, unless it is necessary to trim to a desired height; in that case, shearing does not detract from the apperance of the plant. (sere illustration.) $1 \$-24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 2.25,2-3 \mathrm{ft} .43 .00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} .84 .10$ ).
Siberian (Thuja occidentalis wareana). A hardy Russian variety clased under the Americm becance it closely resembles the American types; foliase darker green than the American; more spreuding and

Tom Thumb (Thuja occidentalis ellwangeriana). This little dwarf Evergreen is what the name sugVervaene (Thuja oecidentalis vervaeneana) Dwarf, pyramidal grower, hardy. Suitable for foundation planting. $15-24$ in. $\$ 3.00,2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.75$

## ORIENTAL TYPES

ARBORVITAE: Breckman's Golden (Thuja orientalis aurea nana). The mnst extensively used if any of this class of Evergreens. Dwarf, compact, arower; very heaning golden-tipped folinue. Must hardy of the Oriental types, being grown throughout the E:nst. (Sec illustration.) 12-15 in. 82.25, 15-18 in. 8.3.01), $18-24$ in, $\$ 4.00,24-30$ in. $\$ 5.00$.
Compact (Thuja orientalis compacta). Semi-dwarf, Iright green foliage. Used as screens, specimens, and even in foundation plantings where the space permits. $7-8 \mathrm{ft}, \$ 15.00,8-10$ it. \$20.00).
Golden Pyramidal (Thuja orientalis pyramidalis aurea). Similar to the Compart Dut morc pyrarindal in form, and has golden-tipped foliage. Sume sizes and prices.
Spiralis (Thuja orientalis conspicua) slender, irregular grower. Used in plantings with other varieties beranse of its pernliar hathit of growth. Dark green foliage. $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50$, $2-3 \mathrm{ft} .83 .50,7-8 \mathrm{ft}$. 89.(H).


Deodara Cedar


Berckman's Golden Arborvitae


Thuja Pyramidalis


Globe Arborvitae

## CEDARS

## DEODAR (Cedrus deodara)

 The famms: Cedar of the Hima lasan Mommains. Tall, rapid Hrower with silvery foliase Whid makes it most usefol for phating in groups; also a beautiful lawn sperimen. Not entirely hardy north of Wishingtom, D. (. In its mative India often attains a height of 75 ft . (See illustration.) 2-3 ft. \$4.50 $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. \$(i.00. Write for price on large sperimens.CEDAR OF LEBANON (Cedrus libani). One of the most valued forest trees in its matise Palestine, where it played a part in Bibical history. Dark green foliage; tall, rapid grower. (6-8 ft $\$ 9.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft} .812 .50,10-12 \mathrm{ft}$ 20.00 .

A COMPLETE FOUNDATION EVERGREEN PLANTING
Consisting of 8 Selected Evergreens Suitable for the Small Home
2 Irish Juniper, 2-3 ft .-For each side of entrance.

Hemlock, $18-24 \mathrm{in}$.-For corners of house.
2 Savin Juniper, 18-24 in.-At side of Hish Juniper.
Berckman's Arborvitae, 15-18 in. -Next to Hemlock.

## 8 CHOICE EVERGREENS

Offered as a Special Group
Planting No. E-21 \$19.75 for only


Canadian Hemlock

## FIRS

A group of Evergreens useful in general landscape work, but not as extensively used as the Arborvitae and Junipers. Grow to be large trees and are used in both group plantings and as specimens.
BALSAM (Abies balsamea). Dark green foliage. Makes an excellent live Christmas tree which can be lighted and used from year to year. $5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.50$, $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 15.00,10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 20.00$.
SILVER (Abies concolor). Dwarf growing type Fir with silvery foliage, resembling the Blue Spruce. _-3 $^{2}$ $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 0.00,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 13.50$.

## HEMLOCK, GANADIAN

(Tsuga canadensis)
Possibly America's most satisfactory and most popular Evergreen. Hardy, adapted to a wide range of soil; strong growers, beautifully shaped trees with good foliage. Easily transplanted and may be kept sheared to almost any desired shape and size. Excellent as a foundation planiing tree, to be used at the corners and in other spaces where a taller growing Evergreen is required. Also makes excellent hedge and useful as a background or screen about the garden. (Sce illustration.) $18-24$ in. $\$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$.

Mugho Pine


## EVERGREENS JUNIPERS <br> (Juniperus) <br> The Juniper group comprises one of our most useful families of Evergreens. They may be hand in numerous shapes, colors, and textures of foliage, as well as in sizes to meet almost any requirement. The

 Junipers, as a rule, prefer a rather dry, sunny location. An effective, complete landscape, planting may be made of Junipers, arranged according to height, spread, and color of foliage. Andorra (Juniperus communis depressa plumosa). A compact, prostate grower with beautiful grayish green foliage in Summer, turning to attractive bronze color during the Winter. Hardy, strong grower. $18-24 \mathrm{in} .82 .55,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. \$4.50.Ashford (Juniperus communis ashfordi). A columnar type Juniper, similar to the Irish, but having more spread. Silvery green foliage; gracefully drooping. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$, 3-4 ft. \$4.50.
Canadian (Juniperus communis canadensis). Dwarf, semi-prostrate. Grayish green foilage, attractive throughout the year. $4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00,5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 8.00$.
Columnar (Juniperus chinensis columnaris). A Chinese pyramidal or columnar type, having more spread than the Irish; darker green foilage. $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,4-5 \mathrm{ft} .80 .00$.

Greek (Juniperus, excelsa stricta). Semi-dwarf, massive grower with a spread generally equaling its height. Silvery green foliage. Very hardy. $12-15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,18-24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 3.50$.
Horizontalis (Juniperus horizontalis). A prostrate grower with dark green foliage. Used for covering banks, stones and other objects which cannot be covered with sod. 2-3 ft. $\$ 3.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$.
Irish (Juniperus communis hibernica). A tall, columnar type with silvery green foilage. Often used at corners and at posts in foundation plantings, where a columnar type is required. Also used in formal gardens, where it can be kept sheared to almost any desired height. A hardy, vigorous grower, easily transplanted. Prefers full sunlight. (See illustration.) $18-24 \mathrm{in}, \$ 2.25,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$.


Pfitzer's Juniper

Meyer's (Juniperus squamata meyeri). A Chinese, low growing, semi-prostrate variety. An odd, irregular shaped Evergreen
with silvery green, somewhat variegated somewhat variegated foliage, which makes it an odd, conspicuous plant in the garden. Approximately 5 ft . when mature. $15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00,18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$.
Pfitzer's (Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana). Possibly the best known and most extensively planted of all the Junipers, as well as it ranks near the top among all the Evergreens. A low grower, almost prostrate; silvery green foliage. Hardy and adaptod to almost all soils, other than a very wet soil, which no Juniper likes. Especially useful in foundation plantings, under windows, in low Evergreen borders, etc. (See illustration.) 15-18 in. $\$ 2.25$, $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00,5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. heavy specimens, $\$ 15.00$.
Savin (Juniperus sabina). Similar to the Pfitzer's but darker green foliage. (See illustration, page 23.) $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.50,5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 12.00$.
Virginiana glauca (Blue Juniper). Silvery foliage, similar to the Blue Spruce-making it an ideal Evergreen for planting in groups of green foliage varicties. Pyramidal in type and grows to be a large tree, like the Native Red Cedar; however, it can be kept sheared into a compact specimen of almost any height desired. $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.00,6-7 \mathrm{ft}$.

## PINES (Pinus)

Pines are used as screens, backgrounds fror gardens, along driveways, groups for framing in buidings, and the small, dwarf Mugho is used in foundation phantines, in beds, at entrances, and in numerous other positions in the garden where low growing Evergreens are required
AUSTRLAN (Pinus nigra). Attains a height of 50 feet, but is a slow, dward grower compared with some. Compact; dark green foliage, long neetles. Makes an excellent specmen tree for either large or sman estates. 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50
MUGHO (Pinus montana mughus). An attrartive dwarf Pine, seldom growing more than 4 feet in height, the spread even exceeding the height. Especially attractive in early Spring when the new growth starts. (Sie illustration, page 22.) 12-15 in. $\$ 2.75,15-18$ in. $\$ 3.50,36-42 \mathrm{in} . \$ 9.00,42-48 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 15.00$.
ORIENTAL RED (Pinus resinosa). Long dark green needles; resembles the Austrian, but a faster grower. Makes a very beautiful specimen tree. $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$, $5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.50$.
SCOTCH (Pinus sylvestris). One of the fastest growing Pines. Bluish green foliage makes it effective as a specimen, but most generally used as screens and in group plantings. (See illustration.) 2-3 ft. \$2.75, 3-4 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$4.50, 5-6 ft. \$6.00.
WHITE (Pinus strobus). A native Evergreen with soft, silvery green foliage. Fast grower and one of the most useful and satisfactory Pines. 2-3 $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$, $4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00,5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$.

## RETINOSPORA

A fast growing class of Evergreens, most of the varieties having soft, feather-like foliage. Easily sheared and transplanted and adapted to many uses.
Filifera (Thread Retinospora). Semi-dwarf. Cilobe shaped when young, gradually assuming a more pyramidal shape after becoming older. Foliage weeping and effective. $18-24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.
Pisifera (Sawara Retinospora). Fast growing pyramidal type. Soft, feather-like foliage; somewhat weeping. Very hardy. Available only in large, specimen trees. $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 22.50,12-15 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 30.00$.
Pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Retinos: pora). Differs from the Pisifera only by having golden foliage, which makes a contrast when planted in groups with green varieties. $10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 22.50,12-15$ ft. $\$ 30.00$.
Plumosa (Plume Retinospora). Similar to the Pisifera, but somewhat finer, softer foliage. $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$, $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00,6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. specimens, $\$ 22.50$,
Squarrosa veitchi (Moss Retinospora). Fine, soft, silvery foliage. Especially attractive when young, but subject to blight when becoming older. 18-24 in. $\$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.

## SPRUCE (Picea)

Norway (Picea excelsa). The best known of all the Spruces. Easily transplanted, fast grower and adapted to many usesincluding screens, windbreaks, for quick effect in foundation plantings, as specimens, and as live Christmas trees, planted nearby where they can be reached with a wire from the home. (See illustration.) $6-7 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.50,7-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 12.50$, $10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 20.00$. Write for quotations on larger sizes.
White (Picea alba). Grows similar to the Norway, but has silvery green foliage. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$, $6-7 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 15.00,10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 22.50$.


Norway Spruce


Scotch Pine

## YEWS (Taxus)

This very satisfactory class of Evergreens has only recently been given proper recognition. The Yews consist of a large assortment of varieties, making it possible to select types for almost any purpose. They, as a rule, retain their dark green color well throughout the Winter, are hardy, can be grown in full sunlight or partial shade. They are especially useful in foundation plantings where there is some shade.
HICK'S (Taxus hicksi). An upright, columnar type, similar to the Irish Yew, but a faster grower. Very dark green. Hardy. 15-18 in. $\$ 3.50,18-24$ in. $\$ 5.00$.
IRISH (Taxus hibernica). Very compact, dwarf, slow growing, columnar type, eventually reaching a height of as much as 15 feet. Ideal for cemetery plots. We offer a limited number of $3-4$ ft. specimens at $\$ 15.00$.
ORIENTAL DWARF (Taxus cuspidata nana). Yerv dwarf, low growing, spreading type. 12-15in. $\$ 4.00,15-18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 6.00$.
ORIENTAL PYRAMIDAL (Taxus cuspidata capitata). Useful in planting at entrance to the garden, beside steps, at corners, and in spaces between windows in foundation plantings, where pyramidal Evergreens are required. 15-18 in. $\$ 3.50,18-24 \mathrm{in} .84 .50,24-30 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 6.50,30-36 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 7.50$.
ORIENTAL SPREADING (Taxus cuspidata)
Grows similar to the Pfitzer's. Juniper, but has dark green foliage and survives in shade. 15-18 in. $\$ 3.50,18-24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 4.50,24$ - 30 in . $\$ 6.50,30-36 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 7.50$.

## Plant An Evergreen Hedge

Coniferous Fvergreens make very satisfactory hedges. They, as a
rule, require less shearing than Privet Hedges, as well as the rarieties rule, require less shearing than Privet Hed
used for hedges are hardy and beatiful.

## NORWAY SPRUCE

7-8 feet. Balled and burlapped plants, which will make an effective hedge or screen planted 6 feet apart. $\$ 6.00$ each in lots of 30 or more.

## HEMLOCK

Balled and burlapped, $18-24$ in. in lots of 30 or more, 82.00 each, $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.8 .5,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.75$.


Azalea Hinodegiri


Azalea Macrantha
AZALEA ledifolia alba. Pure white with large, light green foliage; medium height Ledifolia rosea. Differs from the Jedifolia alba by the blossoms being a light pink Macrantha. Larm, , whon red flowers appearing almost a month later than the Hinombini, extenting the season. Viqorous grower, and one of the most hardy

Prices on Above Varieties of Azaleas:
$6-8$ in. $\$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen $10-12$ in.$\$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per dozen 8 -10 in. $\$ 1.75$ each, $\$ 17.50$ per dozen $12-15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 27.50$ per dozen BARBERRY, EVERGREEN (Berberis), Fulianae. Nost popular of the up-
right, evergreen varicties. Beautiful, larye, dark glossy green leaves which

\section*{| $\substack{\text { tind to } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { harde } \\ \text { harenti. }}$ |
| :---: |} 15-1s in. $\$ ? 25$ 1s-24 in \$300

Sargenti. similar to the Julianae bat some what more sprearling Verruculosa. The bret of the quite so well. 15-18 in. \$1.50 Verruculosa. Gree best of the nw growm, d. Wart Barberries Small, light preen leaves, silvery underneath. Perfectly hardy
$\$-12$ int. $\$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen; $12-1.5$ in. $\$ 2.00$ each $\$ 20.00$

## BOXWOOD

BOXWOOD, Blue Pyramidal (Buxus sempervirens glauca) This variety is rare, but its tall, pyramidal habit and beautiful, . 1 -2 in. $\$ 3.50,24-30 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 4.50,30-36 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 6.00$. BOXWOOD, Oriental (Buxus japonica). Afast growing variety harge hight green coliage. Lspecially adapted far south $\$ 4.00,30-36 \mathrm{in}, \$ 6.00,36-42 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 8.00$.
CHERRY LAUREL (Prunus laurocerasus). A fast growing small tree with large dark glossy green leaves. White flowers in Apring followed by blue-hlack berries; can be kept sheared to almost any desired height and shape; not hardy in western part COTONEASTE f t. so.0.
foliare. Less affected tophylla. l'rostrate; small, dark, evergreen flowersfollowedby bright red berries. $18-24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,24-30 \mathrm{in} . \$ 375$ ELAEAGNUS pungens fruitlandi (Bronze Elaeagnus). Dark green leaves, silvery beneath: creamy white flowers in l'all. Mysterious, edible fruits ripening during Winter. Useful in Broadleaved Evergreen foundation phantings, in groups, horders and ENGLISH LAUREL (Laurocerasus rotundifolia) , Jarce, glossy green leaves somewhat resembling the Magnolia grandiflora. Not hardy in wescern sait or irgina, extensely Brow-leaved Evergreen is ropured. $18-24$ in. $\$ 2.50,2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.25$.


Boxwoor Hedge and Specimen

## EUONYMUS japonica variegata, Silvery varicqated

$\qquad$
 18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.00.
HEATHER, SCOTCH (Calluna vulgaris). An old qamben ilant made fanous thmogh footch folk songs and poetry. Useful where a low growinm, flowering bvergreen is recuired, Adaptad to dry soils. Aidsaman purale
HEATH, DWARF (Erica gracilis). 12 in . The Ileath means to Ireland what the Heatior means to seotland. It also means much to the Ameriwn gardener who uses it as a border, an edeing for premind beds, or scattered
 HOLLY (Ilex). Well known, popular group of Broud-leared Fivergreens; usfult im girden as well as for Christmas decoration material. Glosss, dark green foliape and red beries; we recommon! use of hho-Za (irow on Itollies.
 trees 25 ft . or more in height, but often kept sheared in fle garden onman sperinens. IN hate formors an early

 tirely hardy in the colder, higher altitudes of Vinginia, but ideal in the maturn half and :all points fur her Fouth. 18-24 in. \$3.75, 2-3 ft \$5.00.

Yaupon (Ilex vomitoria). Somewhat resembles the Oriental but a fastro wromer. I) wime the sevore Winters it does not retain its foliage as wull the the ()riental. Red berries. $3-1 \mathrm{ft}$. $4.5,4-5 \mathrm{fl}$, 4.0.00.

HOLLYGRAPE (Mahonia)


Oregon Hollygrape

## goup) <br> resembline Hollies, but holonging to a distinct clasis. <br> <br> the be be more

 <br> <br> the be be more}Especially attractive breatuse of

## their herries which hang on until

Leather-leaf (Mahonia bealei). Larse, leathery, , hnish foliace, wilvery unterneath
 Oregon (Mahonia aquifolium). 4 to 5 ff . Hollv-liti bronze color durimg the 11 inter. Yellon fowers in the simmer followed with bine
 HYPERICUM moserianum. 24 in . (iwnerally classed ats a Browi-learml Froyrem,
 crummer. A wonderful little hlant for the rock garden. 3 yr . dinnts, \$1.00 ewh LIGUSTRUM a murense.

A fast growine, inexpensive, Froad-learad Frergreen which hym

Lu:idum. Not entirely hardy in the western pate of Virginia. AI dinm to dwarf
 LONICERA pileata. A Fontrate foniereresemblina (ootoneaster mieronhyla; usoful
 MAGNOLIA glauca. Mindium size; liwht greer foliner, siivory untorneath. White,
 Ge satisfactorily grown in most parts of Gave Tulin-like very frasrant, pare whise fowne follwwad beponls of brioht red berries. (See ilhestr them.) $2-3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,3-4 \mathrm{ft} .84 .50,4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.60,5-6 \mathrm{ft} .85 .00$. NANDINA domestica. 3104 fl . Tsed throughont Virginia and mom the eonst farther ing so thromghat the Winter. White hussoms in simmer, larqe pols of bripht rod berries in rall and Minter. One of the mast neeful and beantiful bromb-leaved phats. POMEGRANATE. Small, glossy green foliaqe resembling Holly, An evergreen farther PYRACANTHA (Firethorn) Lalandi. The most harly Pyracanthia. Upright mrower, until late Winter. We recommend moning back severely when transplantenl. $15-24$ int. $\$ 2.52,2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft}, \$ 4.50$.

## Rhododendrons

The Rhododendrons would be worthy of a place in the parden even if they did not bloom, but few plants are more beantiful when blossonumg, ander farnm-Rho-Za-Grow in planting Rhododendrons, ako trating with Rho-Za-Grow once a year. For best results, plant in semi-shafle.
CATAWBIENSE. Early bloomer, dwarf grower. Melium size, dark green leaves. Purplish red flowers in May. 18-24 Im. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$3.00, v-4 f. \$0.00. MAXIMUM. The tallest, strongest grower of the Rhododendrons, Large leaves, light pink fowers in June and Juty. Useful as a background in group plantings with the Catawbiense. 18-24
HYBRIDS. May be had in various named varieties, but
Pinks and Reds in the $18-24$ in. at $\$ 5.00,2-3 \mathrm{ft}$, at $\$ 8.00$.

## VIBURNUM

The Viburnum is one of our largest families of useful plant material, consisting of Trees, Shrubs and Broad-leaved Evergrens. We offer two of the most popular Broad-leaved iburnums which are hardy in irgina and farther south, are mare, and beatifu. $\mathbb{N}$ Burkwoodi. Recently introduced from Enerland. Wa
 diameter; very fragrant. $15-18$ in. $\$ 3.00,18-24$ in. $\$ 4.50$.
Rhytidophyllum (Leather-leaf Viburnum). One of the most hardy aml valuatle of the Broadleaved Evergreens. Beautiful, large, thick, Leather-like, dark green leaves. Amte fowers in erty the new plants having great possibilities. $18-24 \mathrm{in}$. $\$ 2.75,2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50,3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$.

Rogersi. A compact, low growing type. White flowere in May, bright red berrios in Fall and Winter. Prune when
phanting. $18-24$ in. $\$ 3.00,2-3$ fo, $\$ 3.75$.


## SHADE TREES

A good shade tree not only furnishes shade, but often affords bloom, fruit, Autumn coloring, and serves as a screen or background for other plantings. The following selection of varieties has been made up with those qualities in mind. We, howerer, are listing separately under "Flowering Trees" a group of trees planted especially for ornamental effect. Both groups are planted for shade.
ASH, AMERICAN WHITE (Fraxinus americana). Good growers, spreading and giving excellent shade, yet not so dense as to destroy the grass beneath the branches. Suitable for streets and campuses, as well as on lawns where space permits. $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per dozen; 10-12 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 37.50$ per dozen; $21 / 2-3$ in, caliper, $\$ 7.50$ each.
BEECH, AMERICAN (Fagus americana). This famous tree is denied more extensive use berause of its being difficult to transplant. So we offer only balled and burlapped specimens. 3-4 in. caliper, $\$ 30.00$ each; $4-5 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 45.00$ each.
BIRCH (BETULA), Cut-leaved Weeping (Betula alba pendula laciniata. A slender tree with white bark, gracefully weeping branches; fern-like, cut leaves-all of which combine to make it one of the most beautiful trees. It may be used as a specimen or in groups with other varieties. (Sce illustration.) 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each.
European White (Betula alba). White hark, larger leaves and stiffer branches than the weeping tspe, but a gond shade tree, $a=$ well as effective in group plantings. $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$ $\$ 3.50$ each; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each.


Cut-leaf Weeping Birch
CATALPA bungei (Umbrella Catalpa) Small, umbrella-like tree, suitable for small grounds. Seldom grows higher than 10 to 12 ft ., with an umbrella-like spread equaling the height. $5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each, \$33.00 per dozen.
Speciosa (Western Catalpa). Fast growing, open top tree, suitable where quick effect is desired. 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.00$ each; 8-10 ft. $\$ 2.75$ each.

ELMS (Ulmus). The Elm comprises one of the best known and most practical groups of shade trees, being adapted to almost all kinds of soil and climate. Easily transplanted and reasonably fast growers.
American (Ulmus americana). This famous American shade tree is at its best when planted in the parks and broad streets of the New England states, where specimens are found more than 100 years oid. let it succeeds equally as well throughout the South. $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per dozen; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.75$ each, $\$ 40.00$ per dozen; $2^{1} / 2-3 \mathrm{in}$. caliper $\$ 8.00$ each; 3-4 in. caliper, $\$ 15.00$ each.
Moline (Ulmus Moline). A fast growing, erect type of the American Elm. Used in spaces too small to permit the use of the more spreading types. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00$ each; 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each; $3-4 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 15.00$ each.

## Chinese Elm

Chinese Elm (Ulmus pumila). A comparatively new type of Elm in this country. However, it has been used for ormamental purposes for hundreds of years in China, having been imported from Siberia. It resembles the American Elm, but is more compact, has finer branches, less spread, and does not grow to be as large a tree. Suitable for streets, on home grounds, and other places where a fast growing, medium size tree is desired. Sends its roots deep into the soil, interfering very little with the grass. One of the fastest growers of all shade trees; also one of the first to come out in leaf in the Spring and the last to lose its foliage in the Fall. $4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen; $5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.60$ each, $\$ 16.00$ per dozen; $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per dozen, $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 27.50$ per dozen; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.75$ each, $\$ 40.00$ per dozen, $2-2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 5.00$ each $\$ 52.50$ per dozen; $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 8.00$ each.


Pin Oak


Weeping Willow

Please send me your 1942-43 Catalogue of bargain price fruit, nuts, etc., trees. I bought off you about four years ago and I like the way you packed and shipped the stock. I did not lose a tree. Thanks.
(Signed) W. J. W. WALCOTT,
14 Amsterdam Are., New York City.

GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree) An old variety which is still in demand 5-6 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each.

GUMS, Sour (Nyssa sylvatica). Medium to small grower. Noted for its scarlet foliage in Autumn. Being difficult to transplant, we offer same balled and burlapped-6-8 ft . at $\$ 6.00,8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. at $\$ 10.00$.
Sweet (Liquidambar styraciflua). Medium size, reasonably fast growing shade tree with odd, cork-like bark Large green leaves during the Summer turning to beautiful golden and scarlet in the Fall, making it a very satisfac tory shade tree, but like the Sour Gum, is difficult to transplant. $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$ each; 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.25$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, \$10.00 each; $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. caliper $\mathrm{B} \& B$, $\$ 20.00$ each.

HACKBERRY (Celtis occidentalis). A small, slow growing tree with spreading branches. $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75$ each.
HONEY LOCUST (Gleditsia triacanthos). An odd-shaped, straggly growing tree. Flat top, somewhat weeping branches, smooth bark, finely cut dark green foliage. $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75$ each; $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.50$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$ each.
KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnocladus dioica). An irregular shaped tree with blue-green foliage; somewhat resembles the Walnut. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.50$ each; $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each.
MAPLE (Acer). This group of shade trees is well known and extensively planted since the Maples can be satisfactorily grown in a large part of this country There are numerous varieties; we offer only the most popular ones as follows:
Scarlet (Acer rubrum). A medium grower. Light green foliage, turning to scarlet in the Fall. Not quite as dense as the Norway. $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$ each; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50$ each.

## MAPLE (ACER)-Continucd

Norway (Acer platanoides). Especially suited for street planting and on the grounds of small homes. As it makes only a medium size tree, can be used where space does not permit the use of the larger trees like the Sugar Maple and American Elm. Large, dark green foliage; dense, spreading. A medium grower. (See illustration.) 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per dozen; $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.75$ each, $\$ 40.00$ per dozen; 2-3 in. caliper, $\$ 7.50$ each, $\$ 77.50$ per dozen; $3-31 / 2$ in. caliper, $\$ 10.00$ each, $\$ 110.00$ per dozen, $\$ 850.00$ per $100 ; 31 / 2-4 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 15.00$ each, $\$ 165.00$ per dozen; 4-5 in. caliper, $\$ 22.50$ each, $\$ 225.00$ per dozen.
Schwedler's (Acer schwedleri). Resembles the Norway. The foliage is blood-red in the Spring, gradually turning to a dark green during the Summer. 10-12 ft. $\$ 5.00$ each; $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 7.50$ each; $21 / 2-3$ in. caliper, $\$ 10.00$ each.
Silver (Acer dasycarpum). Especially popular because of being a fast grower. Light green foliage, slightly silvery underneath. Trees grow to be larger and more spreading than the Norway and should be given more space. An excellent tree for broad streets and large home grounds, as well as useful for public parks. $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 32.50$ per dozen; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.75$ each, $\$ 40.00$ per dozen; $21 / 2-3$ in. caliper, $\$ 6.50$ each; 3-4 in. caliper, $\$ 9.00$ each; $4-5$ in. caliper, $\$ 17.50$ each.
Sugar (Acer saccharum). A native of the East, found growing in forests. In some localities the trees are tapped for the sugar water, which is boiled into syrup and maple sugar. Tall, pyramidal shape, requiring more space than its cousin, the Norway. 6- $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each; 8-10 ft. $\$ 4.00$ each.
OAK (QUERCUS). For permanent shade, few varieties excel the Oaks, which are long-lived, sturdy and stately. There are many varieties of Oaks; we attempt to offer only the most useful shade and ornamental varieties. The Oaks are more difficult to transplant than some other varieties of shade trees and are slower in becoming established after being transplanted, but after once established are reasonably fast growers and become more valuable with age.
Laurel (Quercus laurifolia). Grows naturally from Virginia to Florida. Shining, dark green leaves semi-evergreen. 5-6 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each.

Chestnut (Quercus montana). Tall, rather slender grower with foliage less dense than the Pin Oak. Most useful when planted in groups with other varieties. $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.00$ each, $\$ 42.50$ per dozen; 10-12 ft. $\$ 5.00$ each; 21/2-3 in. caliper, $\$ 10.00$ each.
English White (Quercus Robur). An odd, slow grower with small, curly, serrated leaves. May be used as specimens or on the outside of group plantings. 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each; 10-12 ft. $\$ 6.00$ each.
$\boldsymbol{P i n}$ (Quercus palustris). The most extensively planted of all Oaks, because it lends itself better as a shade tree for narrow streets and small home grounds. It is also useful in parks, bordering driveways, and almost anywhere a medium size shade tree is required. A very uniform, pyramidal grower; large, glossy green foliage, turning to red in Fall-making the tree ornamental as well as affording desirable shade. (See illustration.) 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 37.50$ per dozen; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each, $\$ 47.50$ per dozen; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each; $2-21 / 2$ in. caliper, $\$ 8.00$ each.
Red (Acer rubra). Another good Oak which makes a beautiful shade tree from the time it is established on lawn or street. Grows to be very old and a giant in the forest. When planting a tree as a lasting memorial we recommend Red Oak as being one of the best. Has large, glossy green foliage which turns scarlet in Fall. 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each; $10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each; 2-21/2 in. caliper, $\$ 8.00$ each.
Scarlet (Acer coccinea). Very similar to the Red Oak in general appearance and habit of growth; foliage somewhat more serrated and turns to a more uniform red in Autumn; a beautiful, satisfactory tree. Sizes and prices same as Red Oak.
White (Quercus alba). The well known, native American White Oak. Rather difficult to transplant but makes a beautiful tree especially when planted in groups in parks or on large estates. Same sizes and prices as Red Oak.

PLANE, Oriental (Platanus orientalis). The Plane is a good grower and especially useful in cities where some varieties do not succeed because of smoke. Useful as a street tree, as well as on the lawn. 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.75$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} .03 .50$ each; $10-12 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.50$ each; $2 \frac{1}{2}-3$ in. caliper, $\$ 9.00$ each; $3-4 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $\$ 12.00$ each.


Norway Maple
POPLAR (POPULUS), Carolina (Populus canadensis). A rapid growing, softwood tree. Planted largely because it affords quick shade. Broad, light green foliage. Easily transplanted. 10-12 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each; 2-21/2 in caliper, $\$ 4.00$ each.
Lombardy (Populus nigra italica). Tall, slender, rapid grower. Suitable as a background, planting along driveways, screening off outbuidings and other unsightly objerts. $5-6 \mathrm{ft} .85 \mathrm{c}$. each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen, $\$ 60.00$ per 100; $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen, $\$ 75.00$ per $100 ; \$-10 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$ earh, $\$ 17.50$ per dozen, $\$ 100.00$ per $100 ; 10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 22.50$ per dozen.
Simoni (Populus simoni). Another fast, slender grower, somewhat resembling the Lombardy, but having more spread and being a longer lived tree. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.20$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen; 6-8 ft. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen; $\$-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per dozen.
WALNUT, American Black (Juglans nigra). Fast growing, spreading shade tree. Profitable for both timber and nuts. Especially useful for planting in pasture fields as the grass thrives underneath. Makes good shade for the stock and at the same time is growing into valuable timber. 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per dozen $; ~ s-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per dozen.
WILLOW, WEEPING (Salix babylonica). One of the most beautiful of the wecping trees. Especially suitable for planting along streams, but can be grown in well drained soil. (Scc illustration.) 5-6 ft. $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen ; 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per dozen; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each.

# Flowering Trees for Shade and Beauty 



Flowering Trees can often be used to serve both for shade and as an ornamental, and should be used wherever possible. Flowering Trees may be planted either in groups or as specimens, on hoth the large estate and small home grounds.
APPLE TREES.
While the Apple is generaily planted for its fruit, it is one of our m:st beautiful ornamental trees. It is difficult to imagine a scene more beautiful than Apple Trees in full blossom. The Apple also makes a satisfactory shade tree and at the same time serves for growing fruit, which-when ripe-adds to the interest. Specimen Apple Trees, in choice varieties, selerted for ornamental purposes, are twice transplanted and pruned so as to make them suitable for this purpose. 5 yr., $7-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each, 6 yr. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{in}$. caliper, $8-9 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each; 7 yr., 2-21/2 in. caliper, 8-10 ft. $\$ 6.00$ each.


Mountain Ash


Eley's Flowering Crat
ASH, European Mountain (Sorbus aucuparia). A small pre which is especially noted for its orame-red berries in the to he overlooked. (Sen illustration 5 - 5 ft $\$ 0$ nomg are not per dozen; 6-s ft . $\$ 2.75$ cach, $\$ 27.50$ per dozen; $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$.

CUCUMBER TREE (Magnolia acuminata). Somewhat resembles the Tulip Tree. Large, light sreen foliage; cream-colored, frayrant, Tulip-like flowers in the Spring, followed by red seed pots. $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$ each.
DOGWOOD (CORNJS), Pinkflowering (Cornus florida rubra). Possibly no small flowering tree is hetier known and in greater demand than the Pinkflowering Dogwood,
which makes an deal sperimen on the lawn and is equally as uscful for panting in groups with Whiteflowering Dogwood and other flowering trees. (Sce illustration.) 2-3 ft $\$ 2.25$ car $1 \mathrm{~h}, \$ 2.50$ per dozen; $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each, 33.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft., BdB, sperimens, 4.01 each; 4-5 ft., B\&B specimens, $\$ 6.0$, each; $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, specimens, 87.50 each Uhiteflowering (Cornus florida). As creryone knows this ,eautiful hithe tree, it requires no further descrintion. 2-3 . $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 1.500$ per dozen, $\$ 17.50$ per dozen, $\$ 125.00$ per $100 ; 4-6 \mathrm{ft}$ 13dB, sperimens, st.j0 each; 6-7 ft., BdB, specimens,

DOUBLE FLOWERING PEACH (Prunus persica). The Peach, hut are profusc inlominers of domble blosoms of Pink, Red and White making them desirable for ormamental

FLOWERING CHERRY (Prumus Xanzan). Thowering


Magnolia souiangeana mand that you need not bo told of their value for ornamental purposes. We offer the Kanzan, the most popular double pink variety and the most extensively planted of all Flowering Cherries. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.75$ each, $\$ 30.00$ per dozen; $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50$ each, $\$ 37.50$ per dozen.

FLOWERING CRAR (Malus). This class of small flowering trees had not been mirem proper recoonition until recent years when they began coming into their own. Flowering Crabs are now available in a large assortment of varieties. We offer a carefully selected list of the better varieties as follows

Carmine (Malus atrosanguinea). Single,
red fontors. Free boomer.
Eley's (Malus eleyi). Masses of red flowers in the early spring, followed by blood-red fruits. Strong, virorous grower. (Dece atustration.) Hopa (Malus hoppi). Bright rose-red, double flowers in profusion. Red fruits. Another good Oriental Malus floribunda). Pink buds, white flowers, followed by yellow fruits. One of the best of this trpe.

Parkman (Malus parkmani). Semi-double, hright rose flowers. Slow, compact grower

Sargent (Malus sargenti). White flowers, followed by red fruits. Free flowering

Tea Crab (Malus theifera). Entire branches Virginia Sweet (Malus coronaria). Single, large, blush-pink blossoms, yellow fruits. Strong, vigorous grower.

Prices on above Flowering Crabs: $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per dozen; $4-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per dozen; 6 -7 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each. $\$ 30.00$ per dozen.

GOLDEN CHAIN, Improved (Laburnum vossi). A new, improved Golden Chain. Goiden yeliow clusters of flowers as much as 18 in . in length. $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each; $4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each.
GOLDENRAIN TREE (Koelreuteria paniculata). Clusters of lemon-yellow flowers in Midsummer Grows 20 to 30 ft .; globular shaped when mature, a rather straggly grower when young. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.01$ each; 6-8 ft. $\$ 2.50$ earh ; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$ each.

GREAT SILVER BELL (Halesia tetraptera). A small tree for its masses of smatl white, bell-shaped trast when planted in the garilen among other trees. $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$ \$2. 75 each.
LINDEN (TILIA), American (Tilia americana). Large green leaves; frugrant, creamy white flowers. Good grower, uniform, hapely tree. Useful for both specimens and street planting. G-8 ft. $\$ 2.75$ each; 8-10 ft. $\$ 3.75$ each; $2-3 \mathrm{in}$. caliper $\$ 7.50$ each European Little-leaf (Tilia cordata). Smaller leaves than the American, mure dwarf, compact grower. Excellent shade tree for the small home grounds or planting on narrow streets $5-6$ ft. $\$ 2.50$ each; $6-8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$ each LOCUST, BLACK (Robinia pseudoacacia). A native American tree which builds up snil rather than depletes it, as is the ease with some varietios of shade trees. Valuable for its posts. Fragrant, MAGNOLIA, NEW PURPLISH RED (Magnolia soulangeana nigra). The most showy and satisfactory of the rare Oriental trpes. Large, tulip-like, purplish red flowers. The best bloomer. At its best in the early Spring, some flowers appearing during the Fall. Grows only 12 to 15 ft . branched from the ground. (See illustration. 2-3 ft. $\$ 4.50$ each, $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$ each, $4-5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00$ each. MIMOSA (Alibzzia julibrissin). Well known popular Southern ree. Long branches, wide spreading top. Pink fowers dark green fernlike foliage. Not often planted north of Virginia. 6-8 ft. PURPLE-LEAVED PLUM (Prunus pissardi). A larger, more rigorous grower than the Blood-leaved Maple, the foliage is equally as beautiful and the tree costs loss. Purplish red foliage in the Spring, retaining its color well throughout Summer. Ornamental bright red fruits. $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$ each, $4-6 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00$ each. REDBUD (Cercis canadensis). Beautiful small tree which only recently has berome recognized as one of our most valuable native flowering trees. Small pink flowers literally cover stems in carly spring before foliage appears; excellent for phnting with Dogwoocis, around edge of forests, bordering lawn, in group plantings and as specimens. (Sec illustration.) 3-4 ft. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per doz.; $4-6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz. ; $6-7 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$ each.
SOURWOOD (Oxydendrum arbore-
um). A medium size tree with long, glossy green leaves which turn brilliant red in Autumn making it one of the most beautiful Autumn forest trees. Creamy white flowers which remain on several weeks in the Summer. Unfortunately, this valuable tree is rather difficult to transplant so we offer dug with and without ball. $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. without ball, $\$ 3.00$ each, $B \& B, \$ 5.00$ each; $6-7 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B, $\$ 7.50$ each
TULIP TREE (Liriodendron tulipfera). Also lnown as Tulip Poplar. Large, stately pyramidal fast growing tree. Fragrant, creamy cup shaped, Tulip-like flowers blotched with orange. Prefers Spring planting. 5-6 ft. $\$ 2.00$ each; 6-8 ft. $\$ 3.00$ each; $8-10 \mathrm{ft} . ~ \$ 4.00$ each; 10.12 ft . 86.00 each. Larger $13 \& B$ trees quoted on request.


Red Bud


Mrs. P. S. du Pont Tapering, reddish fold buds and double, golden yellow flowers:


Editor McFarland Clear, brilliant pink. Strong stems for cutting


Condesa de Sastago
Cup flowers of fiery copper insiule and rich gold on the reverse


Ami Quinard
Strong grower; semi-double flowers of deep, velvety crimson.


Caledonia
Larexe, pure white, lones, stroms Mure "mite longe strons


Talisman
Arore ambination of shatings of pink. B,ontiful. Ione pointal


Mrs. Charles Bell
I) licate shimphink. The only Rose


Golden Dawn
arae domble fiowns of lemon-


Margaret McGredy
Imuble, cup-shated flowers of
har shade of carmine-rosect


Joanna Hill
Phonterthara. dew weant
fillow: lohe strong

Shuply, two-toned pink fiowers producti in great abundance.

E. G. Hill

Immense, dazzling red flowers:


Paul's Scarlet Climber

## CLIMBING ROSES

## AMERICAN BEAUTY

True American Beauty color.
DR. W. VAN FLEET
Delicate flesh pink on the outer surface, deepening to rose flesh in center. Strong grower, good foliage.

## GARDENIA

Creamy yellow buds, delicate ivory-white blooms. Profuse bloomer. PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER
Vivid scarlet, semi-double blooms. Profuse bloomer. (See illustration.) SILVER MOON

Clear, silvery white with a mass of bright yellow stamens. Vigorous, dark green, glossy foliage.

Prices: 2 yr., No. 1, Blooming Size Plants: $\$ 8.25$ per dozen, 75 c . each, your choice of varieties

## Miscellaneous Roses

## AMERICAN BEAUTY

A popular Hybrid Perpetual; American Beauty Red. EVERGREEN GEM

Low growing trailing Rose used as a ground cover.
Small double white flowers; foliage almost evergreen. FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI

Snow white Hybrid Perpetual; sometimes called the
White American Beauty.

## HUGONIS

Early yellow flowers. Used chiefly as a shrub and for borders.
MAX GRAF
Handsome foliage and sprays of large, single pink flowers. Useful for covering exposed banks.
ROSA RUGOSA
Hardy, stout, bushy shrub. Single flowers in May and June. Red or White.
Prices: 2 yr. No. 1 Blooming Size Plants: $\$ 8.25$ per dozen-75c. each, your choice of varieties


Gloria Mundi

The Polyanthus Roses, also known as Baby Rambler or Cluster Roses, are dwarf, shrub like in form and bloom from


## New Dawn

NEW EVERBLOOMING
DR. VAN FLEET
A patented sport of the Dr. Van Fleet, possessing all the fine qualities of its parent and is a continuous bloomer.
(See illustration.)
\$1.75 Each CHATIL frost.
CHATILLON
One of the best bright Pinks, with a touch of orange. GLORIA MUNDI

Brilliant orange-scarlet fiowers in huge clusters. KATHARINA ZEIMET
Pure white. Fragrant; profuse bloomer.

## LAFAYETTE

Large, semi-double; cherry-crimson.
Price: 2 yr. No. 1, Blooming Size Plants:
$\$ 9.75$ per dozen-90c.each-your choice of varieties


Clematis Jackmani

## Hardy Vines and Ground Covers <br> FOR SHADE, DECORATION, SCREENS, AND COVERS

 VINES2- and 3-Year Sizes, 60c. each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen, $\$ 45.00$ per 100 , except as noted: AKEBIA quinata. Dainty, beautiful vine. Purple flowers in MIay.
BALTIC IVY (Hedera helix baltica). A small leaved, extremely hardy English Ivy. BITTERSWEET (Celastrus scandens). Popular for its orange-colored berries in Winter. (See illustration.)
BOSTON IVY (Ampelopsis veitchi). Most popular climber. Clings to walls. Often planted with English Ivy, which is evergreen, the Boston clinging to the wall and the CLEMATIS, LARGE FLOWERING the beautiful, Large-flowering Clemat is. A vailable ing vine equals in attractiveness the beautiful, Large-fiowering Clematis. Available in various colors, blooming profusely in May, followed with some blooms throughout the Summer. Excellent for porch and trellis planting
Duchess of Edinburgh. Large, double white
Jackmani. Most popular large purple. (See illustration.)
Mme. Andre. Large violet red.
Prices on Large-flowering Clemat
of all Small Flowering Clematis. In
CLEMATIS paniculata. The finest of all Small Flowering Cle
Midsummer the entire vine is clothed in a mass of white bloom.
ENGLISH IVY (Hedera helix). Popular for covering low walls and as a ground cover in low, shady places. Evergreen. May be used for covering tall buildcover in low, shady piaces. Evergreen
ings when planted with Boston Ivy.
GOLD-FLAME HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera heckrotti). Large, flame-coral, trumpet-shaped flowers lined with gold. May until frost. New and rare. HAHN'S SELF-BRANCHING IVY (Small-leaved English Ivy). Particularly suited to indoor as well as outdoor culture. 3 yr. 75 c . each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.
KUDZU VINE (Pueraria). Large, bean-shaped leaves. One of the fastest growers of all vines. U'seful for covering steep banks, unsightly buildings or for making a quick screen or shade.
PITTSBURGHIVY. Self-branching. Resembles English; smaller leaf; more hardy.
SILVER LACE VINE (Polygonum auberti). Produces in Summer and Fall great foamy sprays of white flowers. Its foliage is very clean and is not bothered by insects. Excellent for trellises and porches.
TRUMPET VINE (Bignonia radicans). Large, orange-scarlet, trumpetshaped flowers. Leaves are light green. Suitable for covering trunks of trees,
VIRGINIA CREEPER (Ampelopsis quinquefolia). This well known, native climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties. Useful for covering trees, trellises and arbors. Its large, deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of crimson and scarlet in Fall.
WISTERIA (Wisteria sinensis). A Chinese Vine which has been long used in this country. Requires considerable space and good support. Blooms in long, pendulous clusters of lavender-blue Howers in May.

## 2 yr . $\$ 1.35$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per dozen

 each, $\$ 7.50$ per dozen; 4 yr., B\&B $\$ 1.25$ each. $\$ 5.00$ per dozen, $\$ 35.00$ per 100 . 4 yr .85 c . each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen. $\$ 3.50$ per dozen, $\$ 25.00$ per 100. 50 c . each, $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.Bittersweet


## GROUND COVERS

BITTERSWEET, EVERGREEN (Euonymus radicans). Bushy, evergreen ground cover. Succeeds in considerable shade. Used for covering banks, as a border, and covering low walls. 3 yr. 50 c. each, $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; 4 yr. 75 c .

HONE YSUCKLE, HALL'S (Lonicera japonica halliana). White and yellow fragrant flowers produced in abundance in early Spring and occasionally throughout the Summer. Used chiefly for holding steep banks, as a ground cover in shady locations, and may also be used as a climber. Bedding si-e, 25 c. each, $\$ 2.50$ per dozen, $\$ 15.00$ per $100, \$ 85.00$ per $1000 ; 3$ yr. 50 e. each,

PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Spurge). One of the best ground covering plants, particularly valuable in shade, averaging 6 to 8 in, in height and branching freely into a dense mat. Its thick foliage is practically evergreen. PURPLE WINTERCREEPER (Euonymus coloratus). Evergreen. Excellent ground cover for shady locations. The long, narrow leaves are rosy purple underneath and the veins pencilled in gray. 3 yr .60 c . each, $\$ 6.00$ per dozen;

VINCA minor (Periwinkle). An old favorite trailing plant. Blue flowers, dark green leaves. Used as a ground cover under trees where grass fails. Bedding Size Plants, $\$ 2.50$ per dozen, $\$ 15.00$ per 100; Clumps, 35 c . each,
VINCA minor rosea (Periwinkle). New pink flowering variety. Clumps,

# Selected Hardy Perennials 

## PERENNIAL PRICES

30c. each, $\$ 3.00$ per dozen, $\$ 20.00$ per 100, except as noted

You may not have room for Shade Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, or even Roses, and still have space for Perennials, which may be effectively arranged in spaces too limited for other types of Ornamentals.

Perennials also have an important place on the grounds of the arerage home, the large estate, roadside and park. They may be had in yarious heights from 1 inch to several feet in numerous shades, from the first call of Spring until silenced by chill Winter winds. While they carry over from year to year, transplanting and renewing Peremial lieds from time to time is essential to best results. Furthermore, we like our gardens to le in style and must find space for the new, improved varieties-discarding the less desirable ones. Our list of Hardy Perennials is revised from year to year so that from the following collection you may choose varieties which will meet all renuirements

## *Suitable for Rock Gardens

ACHILLEA (Milfoil) millefolium kelwayi. Magenta red. All Summer. Excellent cut AEGOPODIUM.


Chrysanthemum Autumn Lights


Aster, Beechwood Challenger

## Hardy Asters

Improved varieties in this old garden want have cere ated much new interest. The Astershomm in Heptember and October, at a time the garden is most in need of color. We offer the following choice varieties:
Amethyst. A new outstanding purplish blue. Almost fully double. 3 ft .
Barr's Pink. A beautiful pink. Vigorous grower, 4 ft . Beechwood Challenger. Very fine clear red. Strong grower. One of the best. 4 ft . (Sice illustration.) Blue Gem. Large, doulle flowers of rich blue. $2^{12} \mathrm{ft}$ Harrington's Pink. Deep rose-pink. One of the best Royal Blue. Rich deep blue. 3 ft .
Tartaricus. Large hnish violet. A tall growing rariety, makins an excellent backnround for other varicties. 6 ft .
Violetta. Pronouncmi ly many as finest New Rlue
Aster known; stur! ! grower; large flowers. 3 ft .
Price: 40 c . each, $\$ 4.00$ per dozen

CERASTIUM t)mentosum (Snow-in-Summer)
low growing punt having silvery-like foliage and an
abundance of snownhite flowers in May. Excellant rock garden plant. 6 in COREOPSIS. Popular rellow flower which can be used


Delphiniums (See page 32)

## Garden Chrysanthemums

Also known as Hardy Chrysanthemums. However, that does not mean that they are absolutely hardy every where under all conditions. Even here at Waynesboro we love some of our Chrysanthemums during severe Winters. These gaten rarietics start hooming in August, continuing until freezing weather, supplving colur when the garden most
needs it. There are many varieties, but we attempt to list only the ones we consider most needs it. There are many varieties, but we attempt to list only the ones we consider most

## CUSHION MUMS

Low growing, sprearling type especially suitable for rock gardens and low borders. *Bronze Cushion. Bronze fowers thrning to at romzi, compry swow. Red Cushion. Similar habits to the popular Pink Cushion, but a dark red. *White Cushion. At opening shons a dchate pink, turning pure white as flowers develop * Yellow Cushion. Brichit gisteming 35c, each, $\$ 3.50$ per dozen, $\$ 25.00$ per 100 MISCELLANEOUS STRAINS
Autumn Lights. Semi-double. Coppery bronze. Low growing. (See illustrution.) Crimson Beauty. Pompon. Bright crimson. 1.ate.
Indian. Aster-flowering, Popmlar red. Eaty Gotober.
Innocence. Single Korean. Dwarf, pure white. Octoler
Jean Cumming. Larce-flowered. Purest white. Erect, merlium heisht. Septomber Little Red Foot. Button. Mahogany-red around a tight, dark center. Cctober. Ohio GcId. Decorative. Frpe bloming oranwe-vellow. September. Rose Charm. Pompon, Bright rose-pink. Detober.
Rose R yal. Aster-flowering. Viritethlue. Iate.
Wannetka. Pompore. Lare, pure white. Midseason.
White Victory. Price: 35c. each, $\$ 3.50$ per dozen, $\$ 25.00$.
MIXED GARDEN VARIETIES. $\$ 3.00$ per doz., $\$ 20.00$ per 100


Primula Veris
DICENTRA spectabilis (Bleedingheart) ECHINACEA purpurea (Coneflower ECHINOPS ritro (Globe Thistle) Mpetallic Hue flowers, thist
foliage. July and August.
EUPATORIUM coelestinum (Hardy Ageratum). Iigit purple *EUPHORBIA myrsinites.
prostrate plant with attractive blueearly Spring, Especially desirable *EVENING PRIMROSE (Oenothera). Larme yellow flowers Jun GAILLARDIA grandiflora. One of in borders, beds and for cutt fiowers. The bloom is most int eresting, wary-
jng in numerous slades and blends ing in numerous shads and seldom
of orance, red and yllow; int
two plants producing identical two plants producing wentical
bloms.
GYPSOOHILA paniculata (Babys-
 flowers bornc in profusion on a mas-
sive spreadine phate w:h small, thread-like shems. Uscful for cut
flowers, with coarser, lirerer blosflowers, with eourser, lamer blos-
soms. Blooms for a long period durHELIANTHUS, Harvest Moon (Perennial Sunflower) Tich NiHELIOPSIS scabra excelsa (Orange Sunfower). Almost dounle,
Tellow flowers; July to October. 3 ft . Hibiscus (Mallow Marvels). Hol-lyock-like, single flowers appearing HOLLYHOCKS. An old gardon falanting along the garden fence. LATHYRUS latifolius (Hardy Sweet Pea). Tesembles the Ammal
Street Pe:t, but hardy. Mised pink and white. Most often planted on rlumers.
flence. Used for indoor cut


Phlox Subulata

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur). Recomized as one of the most beau-
tiful Perennials in the smalen and one of the best cut flowers. We offer same in the two following types. Chinensis. Low growing, garden type, lasts for a period of several months Casts for a perisd of severs month English Hybrids Wrexham Strain. Tall growing with sjikes as much as
2 ft . Various shates of blue, blending into pastel shades of mink. At its best in early June. Some flowers
throuchout tine Summer. (See illusDIANTHUS (Garden Pinks): *Deltoides, Brilliant. Low growing, used in borders and mass plantings. * Rose Cushion. A dwarf, compact Espore, forming an evergreen mat. Spring the foliage is beautifal throughont
den plant.

## Tall Growing PHLOX

Generally conceded as one of the best Perennials. Nay be had a lare assortment of varietics and in various colors, blooming sible to offer all the good varieties, but the selestion we offer is made up of the bes

## New Patented Varieties

## ATLANTA (U. S. Patent No. 329). Unustally large Aower

 heads made up of odd color. White, individual fowers AUGUSFA NOT Po P52) Strong growing plant of medium height. Rich, brongy green foliage. pharge cherri-ted flower heads. Does not discolor or bleach in the sum like some iphox.COLUMBIA (U. S. Plant Patent No. 118). Considered by many as the best Phfox known and is generally considered the best of all the Pinks. Delicate cameo-pink, retammg its freshness and color for a longer period than other Phtox. Beautiful, healthy foliage, less subject to Phox the dizn form after the main fowner has disoppented The Colurabia a therefore well ealled the Uerpetua Dowering Phox

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(See atlustration.)
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Prices, above patented Phlox: 50c, each, $\$ 5.00$ per dozen

## Selected Standard Varieties

## Border Queen. Very large heads of brilliant watermelon-pink

 blossoms. Flowers frocly over a long period.Chieftain. Deep crimson, wlich dofs not fade or discolor in sun. Court Zeppelin. Pu
Daily Sketch. Large trusses and individual florets. Light salm Europa. White with red eye. Similar to the Connt Zeppelin. Miss Lingard. Nost hardy and easil qrown of all white phlo Howers from dune until ()ctober, larme heads of white flowers Mrs. Milly Van Hoboken. Bright pink with a delicate matre Rheinlander. A splendid old varicty of good growing quality and excellent habit. I lower heads lareme; R. P. Struthers. A popular old variots. Bri-itt rosy red, erimWm. Kesselring. Plum-purple, shaded violet. Tather dwarf.
Prive on abovestandard varieties: 35 c . each, $\$ 3.50$ per dozen *LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (Convallaria majalis). An old fa bull-shaped flowers appearing in May are beastiful in the garden as well as desirable for cut flowers. Very fragrant. Can be LiNUM perenne (flax). Soft, feathery foliace. Clear klue flowers in early spring. One of our most useful garden plants. LYCHNIS viscaria splendens. A fine old-fastioned plant which has been improved. This is a dwarf type. Fink thowers in May and Jine; suitahle for cut flowers, borders and rock gardens.

* MERTENSIA virginica (Virginia Blue Bells). One of the lovshady locations, but mave be grown in full sun. 12 to 15 in


New Columbia Phlox

sednm spectabile

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica. Handsome plants for sumy bovaters or wild gameme Jong spikes of delicate limk flowers in July amb Augnsi. is to 4 ft . PLATYCODON (Balloonfower). Broad blue and white hell whapd howers atl *PLUMBAGO larpentae. Lovely, low growing blathts with swatl, heart-mbtemet
 POPPY, Oriental (Papaver orientalis) shaped orange scarlet flowers in May and June 2 to $3 f t$ *PRIMULA veris (Hardy Primrose). One of the most beantiful early, Siring-flowering preunials. Varions
shades of yellow, ormane and red. Prefers in shady lon a shades of yellow
tion. 6 in .
SALVIA azurea (Meadow Sage). Cirows? to 4 fi, prom docing durng Aurnst an SEDUM (Stonecrop). A h: in bush shate and full sombering shaty sponts where aras will mots pardens and as a border plant *Acre (Golden Moss). Bright yellow flowers. Prostrate grower.
Album. Girect, olos liage. Pure white tlowers. *SEDUM kamtschaticum. Orange yellow flowers, green foliage changing to golden in the Fall. *Sarmentosum. The best for filling seams between rocks. Planted in walls and rock gardens. Tellow flowers in June.
Spectabile. A tall grower, attaining a height of 1 s in. Light grom foliage, large, rose-colored fowers. Late bloomer. (See illustrution.) *Spurium coccineum. Prostrate grower. Posy crimson flowers in July and August.
*Stoloniferum. Evergent, low growing, Pink flowers in July and luny
STOKESIA, Blue Moon Cornflower SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus). An ohl garden farorite which still has a place in modern *THYMUS serphyllum (Thyme). Creeping ground cover phant. Thrives in either sun or shate. Purplish pink flowers in Pall. TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker). Fich orange scarlet flower heads on 3 to 4 ft . spikes. Augast to detober. *TUNICA *VERONICA (Speedwell) longifolia. Handsome blue flant. Jight pink flowers all Fummer. 6 in. *Rupestris. A prostrate, ground cover trpe. Excellent for covering barren spots under trees, shrubs and *VIOLA cornuta (Tufted Pansy). Resembles the P'ansy hut a Perennial carrying over from year to year.


Tritoma

## PEONIES

Imperial Dozen—High Scoring
Varieties
$\$ 1.35$ each, $\$ 13.50$ per dozen
The varieties of Peonies run into possibly a thousand or more. We attempt to list 25 or more of the better, most practical varieties, inchuding the Imperial
consincred new, lut each variety has been thoroughly tested and has been on

Fuyajo. One of the five highest rated and best Single Peonies. Dark rich mahogany-red. Jeannot. One of the very finest. Large, globre lar, rose type flowers of delicate flesh-pink soffly tinted lavender. Late.
Lady Alexandra Duff. One of the very best Peonies, both for landscape and cut flowers. Delightfully fragrant, large, flat, semi-rose flowers. Soft pink and white. Midseason. Le Cygne. The highest rated Peony and fully justifies its distinction. Very large, early, ivorywhite without the slightest trace of any other color. Exquisitely fragrant.
Martha Bulloch. Tall, strong growth, producing immense blooms of soft rose-pink. Welt formed and of good substance. Exquisite Rose fragrance. Late. A delicate Aesh-pink Mme. Jules Des,sert. A dow rolden clow a center; rates as one of highest. Midseason

Mons. Jules Elie. Targest aml most strikinge of Pink Peonies, being a girantic flower of bepect crown frage. fince; strong grower, free bloomer. Sarah Bernhardt. A very large refined fower ormirose tyre. Appe blasom pink, silver topet. A splentid Feony wheh has possibly

Solange. A very larae, full, compact flower of rose type. Has ammost indmorimable beanty. Outer petals are a very delicate lilac-white, shade. Strong grower. Late. Souv. de Louis Bigot. One of the most distinct of all pink varieties. Very large, fragrant, rase type flowers with fringed petals of bright bengal-rose, slightly tinted with carmine at the basc. Late mikseuso

## Gold Medal Peonies

Popular Garden Varieties 85c. each, $\$ 8.50$ per dozen
It is not possible to include in one dozen or even two dozen all the good varieties. so we have se lected another group of a dozen-each for some special feature and merit. hate these varieties do satisfaction.

Albert Crousse. Tall, late. Salmon-pink. Frangrant. Profuse kloomer.
Auguste Dessert. Large, midseason. Intensely pink, silvery tipped.
Baroness Schroeder. White with creamy center. Tall, strong grower. Midseason.
Carolina Mother. An old garden favorite. Deep red suffused purple. Tall, vigorous grow r. Midseason. (see illustritzon.) Duchess de Nemours. Early. Cup-shaped. Sulphur-white.
EdulisSuperba. Tarly. Tall. Fragrant. Dark pink. Good grower, free bloomer.

Felix Crousse. Large ball-shaped; one of hest F and most ponulaz rich red cut fower variet tes Festiva Maxima. Possibly the most extensively grown of aif penies. Enormors, full double, Aure white fiowers flecked with carmme spots. White Peony Eirly
Mme. Calot. Light old rose-pink, creamy tint Vory frasrant. Tall. Early, free bloomer. Nightingale. Cherry-red; late; good grower. Rosa Cnrna Plena. Favorite old garden variety. Reautiful rose pink. Midseason.
Rubra Superta. Carmine or crimson. Large compact flowers of rose type.

PEONIES, Dozen Mixed Choice Varieties. $\$ 5.00$

Therese. Ehormous, compact rose type developing latw a igh crow sutimy pink with a glosse reflex erect stron Walter Faxon. One of the fincest of all l'eonies. Soft cor: mase shink at the base. Delightfully fragrant. Alidseasen.


Carolina Mother Peony

# Colorful IRIS 

One of the oldest and most extensively used garden flowers, being cullivated in almost all countries of the world; in mumerous soils and eli mates. Easily grown, requiring very little attention. One of the best border plants as well as having many other uses in both old and modern gardens, large and small. There are thousands of named varieties, ern gardens, large and small. There are thousands of named varieties,
but we attempt to offer only varieties found best suited for area we serve. NOTE-Not fewer than 3 of a variety furnished at dozen rate, or 10 of a variety at 100 rate

## IMPERIAL DOZEN Tall Bearded IRIS

50c. each, $\$ 5.00$ per dozen
We have carefully selected the following 12 as our Imperial Dozen. Each has been sufficiently tested to justify our recommending same, and has been on the market long enough for the price to be within the reach of evervone Ambassadeur. Ntandards, pearl-pink; Falls, deep maroon. Coronation. Fine large, rich deep golden yeilow; one of best. Dolly Madison. Early, Very large flowers; a most striking or soft, pastel colors with brimiant arane se bes the Fall bloomers. Euphony. Copper blend Standards; Falls, soft copper Fried Mohr. Blended lilac-rose. Very fragrant. One of best. Gold Imperial. Beautiful chrome yellow. Free bloomer. Excellent in mass plantings.
Indian Chief. Standards, deep pink; Falls, velvety crimson. One of the outstanding red-toned lris. Large, perfect form. Free flowering.
King Midas. Golden buff suffused with garnet-brown and set off with deep orange beard. A beautiful Iris.
Lent A. Williamson. Large flowers, tall strong stems. Standards bright blue; Falls, rich, velvety purple. A good Iris. Midgard. Enchanting blend of soft pink and yellow, flowers Pink Se of good size, micely frilled. Fine form and substance. one of largest, tallest, smoothest and most exquisite in color introduced to date; originally sold for $\$ 40.00$ per single plant.

## GOLD MEDAL IRIS Tall Bearded

 35c. each, $\$ 3.50$ per dozen, $\$ 20.00$ per 100This group does not represent the newest varieties, but popular, thoroughly tested varieties of Bearded Iris worthy of a place in any garden.
Afterglow. Lavender-gray with a suffusion of gold at the Candelabre. Light blue with white spot on the Falls.
Crimson King. A rich claret-purple
Crimson King. A rich claret-phrple.
Dr. Bernice. A coppery bronze, blending into a deep, velvety rimson.
Florentina alba. An early white,
Georgia. Rose, almost red. Lord of June. Standards, bright blue; Falls, rich velvety purple. Tall.
Loreley. Standards, yellow; Falls, ma
Marshmarigold. Standards, golden yellow; Falls, purplebrown with yellow border
Mme. Chereau. Cream-white, edged with light blue. Pallida Dalmatica. Lavender. Large flowers. A popular old
Princess Beatrice. Standards, fine lavender; Falls, deeper Prircess Beatrice. Standards, fine lavender, Favender. Quaker Lady. An old favorite; Javender shading to deep blue Queen of May. The nearest to pink of the old Susan Bliss
Red Cloud. Standards, rosy lavender-bronze; Windham. Soft lavender pink, the Falls being Falls, velvety crimson,


## Miscellaneous IRIS

Tall Bearded, Mixed. $\$ 2.50$ per Oriental Iris, Mixed. $\$ 3.00$ per Siberian. Purple and white. $\$ 2.50$ per dozen. veined with a darker shade.


City of Portland Canna,

## Special Iris Border Offer

Consisting of 4 Dozen Good Varieties in a Special Border Mixture, suitable for bordering the driveway, walkway, or shrub groups.
All 48 Iris-a $\$ 14.00$ value-offered as a Special No. B-34 for only $\$ 9.75$

## CANNAS

good mixed assortment. A good mixed assortment. . . . . . . . $\$ 1.25 \quad \$ 10.00$ Following named varieties......... $1.75 \quad 12.00$ City of Portland. Large flowers of glowing Watermelonpink. 4 ft . (See illustration.)
Eureka. Most popular pure white. 3 to 4 ft . Hungarian. Immense satiny rose-pink flowers. Bluegreen foliage. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
King Humbert. Red. Bronze foliage. 5 ft .
King Humbert. Yellow. Green foliage. 5 ft .
President. The most popular red. Green foliage. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.


Minuet

## GLADIOLUS

The garden should not only supply an effective, pleasing landscape, but a succession of suitable cut flowers for the home. It is difficult to imagine a more sat isfactory cut flower than the Gladiolus, which may be bad in various shades and may be planted over a period of three monthsextending the blooming season from July to late Autumn.

Good Mixture.
Following Nam
Dozen 100
\$0.75 \$5.00
rieties
Crimson Glow Crimson Glow. Rich crimson. Fine, Maid of Orleans. Early, large, pure white with a touch of cream in throat. Very distinctive and fine.
Minuet. Cne of the finest lavenders. Picardy. Salmon-pink. One of the finest Gladiolus ever produced.
Red Phipps. Soft, glowing red. Fine. Token. Red with cream throat.
W. H. Phipps. Tall, Geranium pink.


Pioardy

## LILIES

DAY LILY (Hemerocallis) - 50 c . each, $\$ 5.00$ per dozen. Bay State. Brilliant and glistening deep yellow. Vigorous, free blooming. Late June. 4 ft . Dr. Regel. Handsome, rich, orange-yellow. Very fraFulva (Brown Day Lily). Tall, graceful Lily with orangebrown blossoms in June and July. Does well in shade 5. Ar damp land.

Crawford. Rich apricot-yellow. June. One of the best. 4 ft .
PLANTAIN LILYon Day Lily). Large lemon yellow. July. shiny foliage. Sky blue flowers in July. ${ }^{\text {Stant }}$ (Funkiach, each, $\$ 3.00$ REGAL LILY (Regale). White flowers suffused with pink. ROCK LILY (Yucca flamentosa). Creamy white flowers in June and July, 4 to 5 ft . 25 c . each, $\$ 250$ per dozen. UMBELLATUM grandiflorum. Large, umbellate heads of light orange-red flowers; free flowering. 35c. each, $\$ 3.50$ per dozen.


Magic Lily | amarylushali |
| :---: |
| or hicoris |

A rare, mysterious Lily. The foliage appears in early Spring, disappearing completely by early July. In Au gust, straight stalks without foliage shoot up to 24 inches developing at the top umbels of large, beautiful, delicate lilac pink flowers. Perfectly hardy.
$\$ 1.00$ each, $\$ 10.00$ per dozen

## 52 Witis

For The Whole Fomil. $50 \% \mathrm{~h}$ Yeor of Continu. Whs Sublie otion The Notion's
ous Pashingt
Wan, Copiral

Mail Coupon with $\$ 1.00$ (at our risk) for 52 weekly issues, to

## MAII <br> TODAY!

 PATHFINDER, Dept. C., Pathfinder Building, Washington 18, D. C. WAYNESBORO NURSERIES, INC.
## Virginia's Largest Grower o Fruit Trees and Ornamentals




Spring, 1944

Dear Planter:
At the time our Catalogue went to press we were much enthused over the complete line of Plant Material we were offering for Spring 1944. We were especially happy over our extensive line of scarce Fruit Trees, Berry Plants, and Nut Trees, but even before our Catalogue was off the press some varieties and sizes had been exhausted. So we are compelled to modify our Spring Catalogue as follows:

APPLE: Have Yorking only in 1 yr. 2-3 ft. and $2 \mathrm{yr} .2 \mathrm{x} / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$.
Our supply of Lowry, York, Vance Delicious and Winesap is quite limited.
PEACH: Sold in Elberta, with the exception of a limited quantity 18-24 inch, but still have both Early and Late Elberta.

We also have at this time a very good stock of Shipper's Red and Hale, both of which are of the Elberta class and often marketed as Elberta.

CHERRIES: We still have a good stock of Large Montmorency, which is the best of the sour or pie varieties, but our supply of Sweet Cherries is quite limited and some varieties and sizes will possibly be exhausted before all of our Catalogues are in the hands of the planters. Should we be out of the variety which is your first choice, and you have a second choice, please name it; or if we cannot furnish for this Spring's delivery, advise whether we are permitted to book Cherry for next Fall at no advance in cost.

APRICOTS: Very scarce. If sold by the time your order is received shall we book for next Fall or send something else?

ENGLISH WALNUTS AND RHUBARB: Selling very close in these items.
ASPARAGUS: 1 yr. in planting guide should read $\$ 2.25$ per $50, \$ 4.00$ per $100, \$ 7.00$ per $250, \$ 12.00$ per $500, \$ 20.00$ per 1000 .

CHINESE CHESTNUT: In addition to the sizes offered in our planting guide we offer the following bearing sized trees 4-6 ft. $\$ 3.50$ each, 6-8 ft. $\$ 5.00$ each, 8-10 ft. $\$ 6.00$ each.

IMPORTANT: You are urged to place your order early as there will not be enough Fruit Trees and Berry Plants to go around and the earlier you place your order, the larger will be the assortment from which to make a selection.

In case you have a second choice and we should be sold in the variety or size your order calls for, you will help us greatly by instructing us on what to substitute. We, of course, if possible, will fill your order in accordance with your first choice.

Very truly yours,

## GARDEN SUPPLIES

## GRASS SEED

WAYNESBORO EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE. A scientifically prepared Grass seed Mixture which produces a beautiful sod in a few weeks and is green throughout the year. Extensively used for small home grounds, as well as public parks, college campuses, large estates, and wherever a beautiful, permanent sod is than frequentlytensive demand for this mixture enables us to offer it for even less SHADY LAWN MIXTURE. Produces a good sod in shady places. Lb. 85c., $10-\mathrm{lb}$. bag $\$ 7.50,100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 70.00$.

NOTE-For seeding New Lawns, use 1 lb . either Evergreen or Shady Lawn Mixture to each 150 square feet to 200 square feet.

## DOGZOFF

## Protect your Evergreens with Dogzoff. Sprayed on the plants, keeps the dogs away. 3 oz . bottle, 75 c ., postpard.



The New Soil Conditioner and Plant Food. Rho-Za-Grow, has taken the guesswork out of Rhododendron growing.

Rhododendrons and their kindred Broad-leaved Evergreens, the Azaleas, Kalmias, Hollies, etc., are lovely things, but many planters hesitate to plant these aristocratic American shrubs because of their exacting soil requirements.
Rho-Za-Grow is a scientifically balanced soil conditioner and plant food. Use it on all plants requiring sour soils. Rho-Za-Grow contains exactly the proper balance of acids, neutral plant food, and humus. It sours and lightens the soil, and it has high plant food content. Apply it to your Rhododendron and Azalea beds, and they will show their appreciation with a wealth of gorgeous blooms and healthy, deep green foliage.
$10-\mathrm{lb}$. bag. ....... $\$ 1.00 \quad 50-\mathrm{lb}$. bag. . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ 25-lb. bag.......... 2.25 100-lb. bag........ . 6.00

## Dry Lime-Sulphur

One of the best known sprays for scale; also used as a fungicide and as a control for red spider, mites, and thrips. For both the flower and vegetable garden. 1 lb . can, 50 c ., postpaid.

## PEP-TO-GROW

A specially Prepared Balanced Lawn and Garden Plant Food which gives pep and vigor without danger of burn ing. We recommend an application in both Fall and Spring. Apply Pep-to-Grow on your Lawn, Rose, and Perennial Beds at the rate of 4 lbs. per 100 square feet, on Shade Trees, Shrubs, Boxwoode, and other Evergreens at the rate of 1 lb . per plant or more, depending on size. Keep a supply of Pep-to-Grow on hand at all times.
Pep-To-Grow excels in Safe, Gradual Feeding, and Lasting Effects.

A $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bag costs only $\$ 5.00: 1$ ton, $\$ 90.00$

## PESTROY

Both a fungus and chewing insect spray for the flower and vegetable garden. Contains Bordeaux Mixture, a pop ular spray for Rose and Cherry fungus, various rusts and mildew. Also contains arsenate of lead, which controls

## POMO-GREEN WITH NICOTINE

Complete protection against Black Spot, Mildew, Leaf-eating Insects, Aphis. Endorsed by American Rose society.
l-lb. can..
$\$ 0.75$
NOTE-DUE TO CHANGING CONDITIONS, PRICES ON GARDEN SUPPLIES ARE SUBJECT TO REVISION

## TR

## A water-soluble powder containing Vitamin

 B-1 and other parts of Vitamin B, plus certain hormones vital to plant and root growth.Applied when transplanting vegetable plants bedding plants, Roses, Shrubs, Evergreens, and trees, it greatly reduces transplanting losses and starts plants off with more vigor and vitality.
One 3 -ounce box-which makes 30 galiz solution for soaking roots or 2000 to 3000 gallons for watering- $\$ 1.05$, postpaid; 1. lb. can, $\$ 4.10$ postpaid

## SUNOCO

Kills Red Spider, which is the most common enemy of Evergreens. Also kills San Jose Scale, Rose Scale, Oyster-shell Scale, Pine-leaf Scale, and Euonymus Scale. 1 gallon makes 25 gallons dormant spray or 100 gallons Summer spray. 1 -gallon can $\$ 1.50$, 4 gallons, $\$ 1.25$ per gallon; 55 -gallon drum. 85c. per gallon

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